

Reliance Universal Commercial Limited

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Reliance Universal Commercial Limited

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Reliance Universal Commercial Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2016, and the Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provision of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of the appropriate accounting policies; making judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2016, and its Loss and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

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2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
 - e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2016 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2016, from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in “Annexure B”.
 - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor’s Report in accordance with Rules 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact on its financial position.
 - ii. The Company did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts that require provision under any law or accounting standards for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For **Pathak H.D. & Associates**
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration no. 107783W)

Saurabh Pamecha
Partner
Membership No.: 126551

Mumbai
Date: 18th April, 2016

“Annexure A” to Independent Auditor’s Report

“Annexure A” to Independent Auditor’s Report referred to in Paragraph 1 under the heading of “Report on other legal and regulatory requirements” of our report of even date.

- i) As the Company had no Fixed assets during the year, clause (i) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- ii) As the company had no inventories during the year, clause (ii) of paragraph 3 of the order is not applicable to the company.
- iii) The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act. Consequently, the requirement of clause (iii) (a) to clause (iii) (c) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- iv) Company has complied with the provisions of section 186 of the Act, in respect of investments, loans, guarantees or security given.
- v) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed there under. Therefore, the clause (v) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vi) To the best of our knowledge and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under sub section (1) of Section 148 of the Act in respect of the activities undertaken by the Company.
- vii) In respect of Statutory dues :
 - a) According to the records of the Company, undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees’ state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues have been regularly deposited with appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the aforesaid dues, were outstanding as at March 31, 2016 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax , cess on account of any dispute, which have not been deposited.
- viii) The Company has not raised loans from financial institutions or banks or by issue of debentures and hence clause (viii) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- ix) The money raised by company from term loans has been applied for the purpose for which they are raised.
- x) Based on the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and as per information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- xi) Company has not paid any managerial remuneration during the year and hence clause (xi) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xii) In our opinion company is not a nidhi company. Therefore, the provisions of clause (xii) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the company.
- xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions with related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act and their details have been disclosed in the financial statements etc., as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year and hence clause (xiv) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash

transaction with the directors or persons connected with him and covered under section 192 of the Act. Hence, clause (xv) of the paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- xvi) To the best of our knowledge and as explained, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For **Pathak H.D. & Associates**
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration no. 107783W)

Saurabh Pamecha
Partner
Membership No.: 126551

Mumbai
Date: 18th April, 2016

“Annexure B” to Independent Auditors’ Report

“Annexure B” to Independent Auditors’ Report referred to in paragraph 2(f) under the heading “Report on other legal and regulatory requirements” of our report of even date.

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)

We have audited the Internal Financial Control over financial reporting of **Reliance Universal Commercial Limited** (“the company”) as of 31st March, 2016 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year then ended.

Management Responsibility for the Internal Financial Controls

The Company’s management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor’s Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company’s internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company’s internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company’s assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or

improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2016, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For **Pathak H.D. & Associates**
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration no. 107783W)

Saurabh Pamecha
Partner
Membership No.: 126551

Mumbai
Date: 18th April, 2016

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2016

	Note	As at	
		31st March, 2016	31st March, 2015
		₹	₹
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Shareholders' Funds			
Share Capital	1	5 00 000	5 00 000
Reserves and Surplus	2	17 776	37 574
		<u>5 17 776</u>	<u>5 37 574</u>
Non-Current Liabilities			
Long Term Borrowings	3	4 43 00 000	4 43 00 000
Current Liabilities			
Other Current Liabilities	4	17 175	13 483
TOTAL		<u><u>4 48 34 951</u></u>	<u><u>4 48 51 057</u></u>
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets			
Non-Current Investments	5	4 47 21 848	4 47 21 848
Current Assets			
Cash and Bank Balances	6	1 13 103	1 29 209
TOTAL		<u><u>4 48 34 951</u></u>	<u><u>4 48 51 057</u></u>
Significant Accounting Policies			
Notes on Financial Statements	1 to 13		

As per our Report of even date

For Pathak H. D. & Associates

Chartered Accountants
Registration No.: 107783W

Saurabh Pamecha

Partner
Membership No.: 126551

Mumbai

Dated: April 18, 2016

For and on behalf of the Board

S Sudhakar

Chairman

S Rajagopal

Director

N Shanker

Director

Profit and Loss Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2016

	Note	2015-16 ₹	2014-15 ₹
INCOME			
Other Income	7	10 760	10 000
EXPENDITURE			
Other Expenses	8	30 558	22 182
Loss before tax		(19 798)	(12 182)
Current tax		-	-
Taxes for earlier years		-	-
Loss for the year		(19 798)	(12 182)
Earnings per equity shares of face value of ₹ 10 each	9		
Basic (in ₹)		(0.40)	(0.24)
Diluted (in ₹)		(0.40)	(0.24)
Significant Accounting Policies			
Notes on Financial Statements	1 to 13		

As per our Report of even date

For Pathak H. D. & Associates

Chartered Accountants
Registration No.: 107783W

Saurabh Pamecha

Partner
Membership No.:126551

Mumbai

Dated: April 18, 2016

For and on behalf of the Board

S Sudhakar

Chairman

S Rajagopal

Director

N Shanker

Director

Cash Flow Statement for the year 2015-16

	₹	2015-16 ₹	₹	2014-15 ₹
A Cash Flow from Operating Activities				
Net Loss before tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss		(19 798)		(12 182)
Adjusted for:		-		-
Operating Loss before Working Capital Changes		(19 798)		(12 182)
Adjusted for:				
Other Trade and Other Payables	3 692		2 247	
		3 692		2 247
Cash (used in) Operations		(16 106)		(9 935)
Taxes paid		-		-
Net Cash (used in) Operating Activities		(16 106)		(9 935)
B Cash Flow from Investing Activities				
Net Cash Generated from Investing Activities		-		-
C Cash Flow from Financing Activities				
Proceeds from Long Term Borrowings		-		1 00 000
Repayment of Long Term Borrowings		-		(1 00 000)
Net Cash from Financing Activities		-		-
Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(16 106)		(9 935)
Opening Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents		1 29 209		1 39 144
Closing Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents		1 13 103		1 29 209

As per our Report of even date

For Pathak H. D. & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Registration No.: 107783W

Saurabh Pamecha

Partner

Membership No.:126551

Mumbai

Dated: April 18, 2016

For and on behalf of the Board

S Sudhakar

Chairman

S Rajagopal

Director

N Shanker

Director

Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

These financial statements have been prepared to comply with Accounting Principles Generally accepted in India (Indian GAAP), the Accounting Standards notified under the relevant provisions of the Companies Act 2013.

The financial statements are prepared on accrual basis under the historical cost convention.

B. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires judgements, estimates and assumptions to be made that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities on the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Difference between the actual results and estimates are recognised in the period in which the results are known/materialised. The management believes that the estimates used in the preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable.

C. Revenue Recognition

Revenue from services are recognised when services have been rendered and no significant uncertainty to collectability exists. The revenue is recognised net of discounts and services tax.

D. Investments

Investments that are readily realisable and intended to be held for not more than 12 months from the date of acquisition are classified as current investment. All other investments are classified as non-current investments. Long-term investments are stated at cost. Provision for diminution in the value of long-term investments is made only if such a decline is other than temporary.

E. Income Taxes

Tax expense comprises of current tax and deferred tax. Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities, using the applicable tax rates. Deferred income tax reflect the current period timing differences between taxable income and accounting income for the period and reversal of timing differences of earlier years/period. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that there is a reasonable certainty that sufficient future income will be available/ except that deferred tax assets, in case there are losses, they are recognised if there is virtual certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available to realise the same. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates and tax law that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

F. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provision is recognised in the accounts when there is a present obligation as a result of past event(s) and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed unless the possibility of outflow of resources is remote.

Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2016

1. Share Capital	As at 31st March, 2016 ₹	As at 31st March, 2015 ₹
Authorised:		
4,95,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each (4,95,000)	49 50 000	49 50 000
50,000 Preference shares of ₹ 1 each (50,000)	50 000	50 000
TOTAL	50 00 000	50 00 000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up:		
50,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up (50,000)	5 00 000	5 00 000
TOTAL	5 00 000	5 00 000

Note:

a) Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares

Name of the Shareholders	As at 31st March, 2016		As at 31st March, 2015	
	Nos. of shares	% held	Nos. of shares	% held
Reliance Strategic Investments Limited (Holding Company)	25 000	50	25 000	50
Reliance Global Commercial Limited (Fellow Subsidiary Company)	25 000	50	25 000	50

b) Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding is set out below:

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2016 Nos.	As at 31st March, 2015 Nos.
Equity shares at the beginning	50 000	50 000
Add: Shares issued during the year	-	-
Equity shares at the end of the year	50 000	50 000

c) No bonus shares issued in the last five years.

d) Refer Note no.3 in respect of option on unissued Share Capital

2 Reserves and Surplus	As at 31st March, 2016		As at 31st March, 2015	
	₹	₹	₹	₹
Capital Redemption Reserve				
As per last Balance Sheet		32 350		32 350
Surplus in Profit and Loss Account				
As per last Balance Sheet	5 224		17 406	
Less: Loss for the year	(19 798)		(12 182)	
		(14 574)		5 224
		17 776		37 574

Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2016

3 Non-current Liabilities	As at 31st March, 2016	As at 31st March, 2015
Long Term Borrowings	₹	₹
Unsecured Zero Coupon Optionally Convertible Loan	4 43 00 000	4 43 00 000
	4 43 00 000	4 43 00 000

Note:

The Zero Coupon Optionally Convertible Loan from Reliance Strategic Investments Limited (the holding company) is fully convertible into equity shares of ₹ 10/- each at par, at the option of the Company or the Lender. The outstanding amount of Loan, if not opted for conversion shall be repayable, at the end of 10 years from the date of first disbursement i.e., 12-10-2007 or such other period as may be mutually agreed between the Borrower and the Lender.

4 Other Current Liabilities	As at 31st March, 2016	As at 31st March, 2015
	₹	₹
Others - for expenses	17 175	13 483
	17 175	13 483

The Company does not have any creditors governed by the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.

5 Non-Current Investments	As at 31st March, 2016	As at 31st March, 2015
	₹	₹
Long Term Investments (Valued at Cost, less other than temporary diminution in value, if any)		
Other Investments		
Quoted, fully paid up		
In Equity shares of Ultimate Holding Company		
200 Reliance Industries Limited of ₹ 10 each (200)	89 078	89 078
Unquoted, fully paid up		
In Equity shares - Fellow Subsidiary Company		
44,38,777 Reliance Petroinvestments Limited (44,38,777) of ₹ 10 each	4 43 87 770	4 43 87 770
24,500 Reliance Global Commercial Limited (24,500) of ₹ 10 each	2 45 000	2 45 000
	4 46 32 770	4 46 32 770
	4 47 21 848	4 47 21 848
Aggregate amount of quoted investments	89 078	89 078
Market Value of quoted investments	2 09 040	1 86 150
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	4 46 32 770	4 46 32 770

Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2016

6 Cash and Bank Balances	As at 31st March, 2016	As at 31st March, 2015
Cash and cash equivalents	₹	₹
Balance with Bank in current account	1 13 103	1 29 209
	1 13 103	1 29 209
7 Other Income	2015-16	2014-15
	₹	₹
Advisor & consultant fees	10 000	10 000
Miscellaneous Income	760	-
	10 760	10 000
8 Other Expenses	2015-16	2014-15
	₹	₹
Audit fees	17 175	13 483
Professional fees	5 725	-
Filing fees	3 500	4 500
Demat / Custodian charges	899	899
Profession tax	2 500	2 500
General expenses	759	800
	30 558	22 182
9 Earnings per share	2015-16	2014-15
a) Net Profit after Tax as per Profit and Loss Statement attributable to Equity Shareholders (₹)	(19 798)	(12 182)
Weighted Average number of Equity Shares used as denominator for calculating Basic EPS	50 000	50 000
Weighted Average number of Equity Shares used as denominator for calculating Diluted EPS	1 71 038	50 000
Basic Earnings per share (₹)	(0.40)	(0.24)
Diluted Earnings per share (₹)	(0.40)	(0.24)
Face Value per Equity Share (₹)	10	10
b) Diluted earnings per share is same as basic earnings per share, since potential equity shares are antidilutive.		
10 The Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to conform to the current year presentation.		
11 a) The Company has no deferred tax assets or liabilities in accordance with Note E of Significant Accounting policies.		
b) The Income-Tax assessments of the Company have been completed up to Assessment Year 2013-14. The disputed demand outstanding up to the said Assessment Year is ₹ Nil.		
c) Details of Loans given, Investment made and Guarantee given covered u/s. 186 (4) of the Companies Act, 2013		
i) Investments made by the Company as at 31st March, 2016 (Refer Note No. 5)		
ii) No Loans are given by the Company as at 31st March, 2016		
iii) No Guarantees / Securities are given by the Company as at 31st March, 2016		

Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2016

12 Segment Reporting

The Company has identified two reportable segments viz. Finance & Investments and Advisor & Consultancy. Segments have been identified and reported taking into account nature of activities, the differing risks and returns and the internal business reporting systems. The accounting policies adopted for segment reporting are in line with the accounting policy of the company with following additional policies for segment reporting.

- a) Revenue and expenses have been identified to a segment on the basis of relationship to operating activities of the segment. Revenue and expenses which relate to enterprise as a whole and are not allocable to a segment on reasonable basis have been disclosed as “Unallocable”.
- b) Segment assets and segment liabilities represent assets and liabilities in respective segments.
- i) Primary Segment Information

Sr. No.	Particulars	Finance & Investments		Advisory & Consultancy		Unallocable		Total	
		2015-16	2014-15	2015-16	2014-15	2015-16	2014-15	2015-16	2014-15
		₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹
1	Segment Revenue								
	Other income	-	-	10 000	10 000	-	-	10 000	10 000
2	Segment results before Interest and Taxes	(899)	(899)	10 000	10 000	(28 899)	(21 283)	(19 798)	(12 182)
	Less: Interest expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Add: Interest Income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Profit before tax	(899)	(899)	10 000	10 000	(28 899)	(21 283)	(19 798)	(12 182)
	Current Tax/Taxes for earlier years	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Net profit after tax	(899)	(899)	10 000	10 000	(28 899)	(21 283)	(19 798)	(12 182)
3	Other Information								
	Segment Assets	4 48 34 951	4 48 51 057	-	-	-	-	4 48 34 951	4 48 51 057
	Segment Liabilities	4 43 17 175	4 43 13 483	-	-	-	-	4 43 17 175	4 43 13 483
	Capital Expenditure	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

- ii) Since all the operations of the Company are conducted within India, as such there is no separate reportable geographical segment.

Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2016

13 Related Party

As per Accounting Standard 18, the disclosures of transactions with the related parties as defined in the Accounting Standard are given below:

i) List of related parties with whom transactions have taken place and relationship:

Sr. No.	Name of the Related Party	Relationship
1	Reliance Industries Limited	Ultimate Holding Company
2	Reliance Strategic Investments Limited	Holding Company
3	Reliance Petroinvestments Limited	Fellow Subsidiary companies
4	Reliance Global Commercial Limited	
5	Reliance Industrial Investments and Holdings Limited	

ii) Transactions during the year with related parties:

Sr. No.	Nature of Transaction	Ultimate Holding Company	Holding Company	Fellow Subsidiary Companies	Total
		₹	₹	₹	₹
1	Net Loan and Advances taken / (repaid)	-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2016					
2	Equity share capital	-	2 50 000	2 50 000	5 00 000
		-	2 50 000	2 50 000	5 00 000
3	Loans Taken	-	4 43 00 000	-	4 43 00 000
		-	4 43 00 000	-	4 43 00 000
4	Investments	89 078	-	4 46 32 770	4 47 21 848
		89 078	-	4 46 32 770	4 47 21 848

Note: Figures in Italic represents previous year's amount.

iii) Disclosure in Respect of Material Related Party Transactions during the year:

Particulars	Relationship	2015-16	2014-15
1 Net Loan and Advances taken / (repaid)			
Reliance Strategic Investments Limited	Holding	-	1 00 000
Reliance Strategic Investments Limited	Holding	-	(1 00 000)

As per our Report of even date

For Pathak H. D. & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Registration No.: 107783W

Saurabh Pamecha

Partner

Membership No.:126551

Mumbai

Dated: April 18, 2016

For and on behalf of the Board

S Sudhakar

Chairman

S Rajagopal

Director

N Shanker

Director