

CAPITAL18 FINCAP PRIVATE LIMITED
ANNUAL ACCOUNTS - FY : 2016-17

Independent Auditor's Report

TO THE MEMBERS OF CAPITAL18 FINCAP PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements of Capital18 Fincap Private Limited ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2017, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs (financial position), profit or loss (financial performance including other comprehensive income), cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Standalone Financial Statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether these Standalone Financial Statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the Standalone Financial Statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial controls relevant to the Company's preparation of the Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Standalone Financial Statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on these Standalone Financial Statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, of the state of affairs (financial position) of the Company as at 31 March 2017, and its profit/loss (financial performance including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 (the 'Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the Annexure a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
- a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c. The Standalone Financial Statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements comply with Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Company as on March 31, 2017, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2017 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".
 - g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - ii. The Company did not have any material foreseeable losses on long term contracts including derivative contracts.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. The company, as detailed in Note 18 to the Standalone Financial Statements, has made requisite disclosures in these Standalone Financial Statements as to holdings as well as dealings in Specified Bank Notes during the period from 8 November 2016 to 30 December 2016. Based on the audit procedures performed and taking into consideration the information and explanations given to us, in our opinion, these are in accordance with the books of account maintained by the company.

For **Mohan L. Jain & Co.**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. **005345N**

Ankush Jain
Partner
Membership No. 540194

Place: Noida
Date: 15.04.2017

Annexure to the Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Capital18 Fincap Private Limited

The Annexure referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017.

On the basis of such checks as we considered appropriate and taking into consideration the information and explanations given to us and the books of account and other records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we report that:

(i) Fixed assets:

- (a)** The Company does not have any fixed assets. Accordingly, the provisions of clause (i) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

(ii) Inventories:

- (a)** The Company does not have any inventory at any time during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (ii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

(iii) Granting of loans to certain parties:

- (a)** According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has granted loan to one company covered in the Register maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. The terms and conditions on which the loan has been granted were not, prima facie, prejudicial to the interest of the company.
- (b)** In the case of the loans granted to the company listed in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act, the terms of arrangements do not stipulate any repayment schedule and the loans are repayable on demand.
- (c)** In respect of the aforesaid loans, closing balance at the end of the year was Rs 85,532,756/- (including interest).

(iv) Loans and investments:

- (a)** According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not made any loan, investment, and guarantees to any person specified under section 185 and section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013; and therefore clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable.

(v) Acceptance of Deposits:

- (a)** In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not received any public deposits during the year.

(vi) Maintenance of cost records:

- (a)** According to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act, in respect of the activities carried on by the Company.

(vii) Deposit of statutory dues:

- (a)** According to the records of the company and information and explanations given to us, the Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Provident Fund, employees state insurance (ESI), Investor Education and Protection Fund, Income-tax, Tax deducted at sources, Tax collected at source, Professional Tax, Sales Tax, value added tax (VAT), Service Tax, Custom Duty, Excise Duty, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it, with the appropriate authorities.
- (b)** According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Income-tax, Custom Duty, Excise Duty, sales tax, VAT, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears /were outstanding as at 31 March, 2017 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(viii) *Default in repayment of dues:*

- (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of dues to financial institutions, banks and debenture holders.

(ix) *Application of term loans/public issue/follow on offer:*

- (a) The Company did not raise moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and did not have any term loans outstanding during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(ix) of the Order are not applicable.

(x) *Fraud reporting:*

- (a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.

(xi) *Managerial remuneration:*

- (a) The Company is a private limited company. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(xi) of the Order are not applicable.

(xii) *Nidhi Company:*

- (a) The Company is not Nidhi Company as per Companies Act 2013. Accordingly, the provision of clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.

(xiii) *Related party transactions:*

- (a) All transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of the Companies act 2013 where applicable and details have been disclosed in financial statements etc., as required by the applicable accounting standards.

(xiv) *Preferential allotment/private placement:*

- (a) During the year the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures and hence reporting under clause (xiv) of the order is not applicable.

(xv) *Non-cash transactions:*

- (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the provision of clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.

(xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-1A of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For **Mohan L. Jain & Co.**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. **005345N**

Ankush Jain
Partner
Membership No. 540194

Place: Noida
Date: 15.04.2017

“ANNEXURE –A” TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF CAPITAL18 FINCAP PRIVATE LIMITED**Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)**

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Capital18 Fincap Private Limited (“the Company”) as of March 31, 2017 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company’s management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors’ Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, and the Guidance Note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company’s internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company’s internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company’s assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2017, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For **Mohan L. Jain & Co.**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. **005345N**

Ankush Jain
Partner
Membership No. 540194

Place: Noida
Date: 15.04.2017

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2017

		<i>Amount in Rupees</i>		
	Notes	Year ended 31.03.2017	Year ended 31.03.2016	
I.	Other income	12	8,902,569	191,246,486
	Total Income		8,902,569	191,246,486
II	Expenses			
	Finance costs	13	89	77,746
	Other expenses	14	4,641,567	728,579
	Total Expense		4,641,656	806,325
III	Profit/Loss before exceptional items and tax (I-II)		4,260,913	190,440,161
IV	Exceptional items		-	-
V	Profit/(Loss) before tax (III-IV)		4,260,913	190,440,161
VI	Tax expense	15		
	Current tax		1,256,023	-
	Prior Period Tax adjustment		(3,417,647)	-
	Net tax expense		(2,161,624)	-
VII	Profit/(Loss) for the year (V-VI)		6,422,537	190,440,161
VIII	Other Comprehensive Income			
	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
	– Equity instrument through other Comprehensive income		-	(15,597,558)
IX	Total Comprehensive Income for the year (VII + VIII)		6,422,537	174,842,603
X	Earnings per equity share	16		
	Basic		642.25	19,044.02
	Diluted		1.92	56.97
	Significant Accounting Policies			
	See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements	1 to 23		

In terms of our report attached

For Mohan L. Jain & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 005345N

Ankush Jain
Partner
Membership No. 540194

Place: Noida
Date: 15.04.2017

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Deepak Gupta
Director
DIN - 07520015

Place: Noida
Date: 15.04.2017

Karanvir Singh Gill
Director
DIN - 07283590

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March, 2017

OTHER EQUITY

Amount in Rupees

	Equity Instrument *	Reserves and Surplus		Equity instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	Total
		Securities Premium Account	Retained Earnings		
AS ON 01 APRIL 2015					
Opening Balance	1,014,882,000	848,520,000	(891,218,362)	(10,491,345)	961,692,293
Ind AS adjustment on fair valuation through P&L	-	-	(941)	-	(941)
	1,014,882,000	848,520,000	(891,219,303)	(10,491,345)	961,691,352
AS ON 31 MARCH 2016					
Opening Balance	1,014,882,000	848,520,000	(891,219,303)	(10,491,345)	961,691,352
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	190,440,161	-	190,440,161
Addition/redemption during the year	(204,500,000)	-	-	(15,597,558)	(220,097,558)
	810,382,000	848,520,000	(700,779,142)	(26,088,903)	932,033,955
AS ON 31 MARCH 2017					
Opening Balance	810,382,000	848,520,000	(700,779,142)	(26,088,903)	932,033,955
Addition/redemption during the year	4,000,000	-	-	-	4,000,000
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	6,422,537	-	6,422,537
	814,382,000	848,520,000	(694,356,605)	(26,088,903)	942,456,492

* Please refer Note no. 9 (a).

In terms of our report attached

For Mohan L. Jain & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 005345N

Ankush Jain
Partner
Membership No. 540194

Place: Noida
Date: 15.04.2017

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Deepak Gupta
Director
DIN - 07520015

Place: Noida
Date: 15.04.2017

Karanvir Singh Gill
Director
DIN - 07283590

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Particulars	Amount in Rupees	
	Year ended 31.03.2017	Year ended 31.03.2016
Cash flows from Operating activities		
Profit / (Loss) before income tax	4,260,913	190,440,161
Adjustments for:		
Interest & Financial Charges	89	77,746
Provision for impairment W/Back	-	200,515,425
Interest Received	(8,846,623)	(4,466,970)
Profit/Loss Sale of long term Investment	(55,946)	(186,779,518)
Changes in working capital		
Decrease in Current Assets		
Increase/(Decrease) in Current Liabilities	3,289,537	(1,103,075)
(Increase)/Decrease in Current Assets	751,913	6,688,859
Decrease in Current Liabilities		
Cash used in operations	(600,117)	205,372,628
Income Tax Paid	(764,222)	(663,073)
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,364,339)	204,709,555
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of Investments	-	(111,125,748)
Debenture redeemed	-	4,000,000
Sale of long term investments(net of expense)	-	173,929,668
Interest received	8,846,623	4,470,326
Net cash flow used in investing activities	8,846,623	71,274,246
Cash flows from financing activities		
Debentures issued *	4,000,000	40,500,000
Debentures redeemed	-	(245,000,000)
Loan (repaid)/ Received	(11,461,954)	(11,516,958)
Loan Paid	-	(6,05,00,000)
Interest & Financials Charges	(89)	(77,744)
Net cash flow used in financing activities	(7,462,043)	(276,594,702)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	20,241	(610,901)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	126,387	737,288
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	146,628	126,387

In terms of our report attached

For Mohan L. Jain & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 005345N

Ankush Jain

Partner

Membership No. 540194

Place: Noida

Date: 15.04.2017

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Deepak Gupta

Director

DIN - 07520015

Place: Noida

Date: 15.04.2017

Karanvir Singh Gill

Director

DIN - 07283590

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

A CORPORATE INFORMATION

Capital18 Fincap Private Limited (“the Company”) was incorporated in India on July 7, 2006, and is having its registered office at First Floor, Empire Complex, 414, Senapati Bapat Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai 400013. The name of the Company was changed to Capital18 Fincap Private Limited with effect from March 4, 2011 (Formerly VT Holdings Private Limited). The principal activities of the Company is to engage in the business of investment, leasing and hire purchase, carry on financial operations, trading business and commercial services.

B ACCOUNTING POLICIES

B.1 Basis of preparation and presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value amount on transition.

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared to comply with the Indian Accounting standards (‘Ind AS’), including the Accounting Standards notified under the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

Up to the year ended March 31, 2016, the Company has prepared its financial statements in accordance with the requirements of Indian GAAP, which includes Standards notified under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 and considered as “Previous GAAP”.

These financial statements are the Company’s first Ind AS financial statements and as covered by Ind AS 101 - First time adoption of Indian Accounting Standards.

Company’s financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is its functional currency.

B.2 Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) Property, plant and equipment:

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes purchase price, borrowing cost and any cost directly attributable to bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use, net charges on foreign exchange contracts and arrangements arising from exchange rate variations attributable to the assets.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset’s carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow the entity and the cost can be measured reliably.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided using straight line method. Depreciation is provided based on useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of a property, plant and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

Tangible assets carrying value under previous GAAP is recognised as deemed cost.

(b) Intangible assets:

Intangible Assets are stated at cost of acquisition net of recoverable taxes less accumulated amortisation and impairment loss, if any. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing costs, and any cost directly attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use and net charges on foreign exchange contracts and adjustments arising from exchange rate variations attributable to the intangible assets.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

(c) Leases:

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Company as a lessee

Assets held under finance leases are initially recognised as assets of the Company at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance expenses and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance expenses are recognised immediately in profit and loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalized in accordance with the Company's general policy on the borrowing costs.

A leased asset is depreciated over the useful life of the asset. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the Company will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset and the lease term.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term except where another systematic basis is more representative of time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased assets are consumed.

(d) Borrowings Cost

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use.

All other borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred.

(e) Inventories

Items of inventories are measured at lower of cost and net realizable value after providing for obsolescence, if any. Cost of inventories comprises of purchase cost and other overheads, net of recoverable taxes, incurred in bringing them to their respective present location and condition.

(f) Impairment of non-financial assets

At each balance sheet date, the Company assesses whether there is an indication that any property, plant and equipment and intangible assets may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated to determine the extent of impairment, if any. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value, using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in the statement of profit or loss.

(g) Provisions and Contingencies

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed unless the possibility of outflow of resources is remote. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

(h) Employee Benefits

(i) Short Term Employee Benefits

The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees is recognized as an expense during the period when the employee render the services.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

(ii) Long Term Employee Benefits

Compensated absences which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service are recognised as a liability at the present value of the defined benefit obligation as at the Balance Sheet date on the basis of actuarial valuation.

(iii) Post-Employment Benefits

Defined Contribution Plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which specified contributions are made. The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Profit and Loss Statement during the period in which the employee renders the related service.

Defined Benefit Plans

The liability in respect of defined benefit plans and other post-employment benefits is calculated using the Projected Unit Credit Method and spread over the period during which the benefit is expected to be derived from employees' services.

Re-measurement of defined benefit plans in respect of post-employment and other long term benefits are charged to the Other Comprehensive Income.

(i) Taxation

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in the comprehensive income or in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income and equity.

- Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates and laws that are enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance sheet date.

- Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of Deferred tax liabilities and assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

(j) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand and deposits with any qualifying financial institution, repayable on demand or maturing within three months of the date of acquisition and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

(k) Foreign currencies

Transactions and Translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency closing rates of exchange at the reporting date.

Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are recorded using the exchange rates at the date of the transaction.

(l) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Revenue is recognised only if the following conditions are satisfied:

- The Company has transferred risks and rewards incidental to ownership to the customer;
- The Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- It is probable that the economic benefit associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- it can be reliably measured and it is reasonable to expect ultimate collection.

Revenue from operations includes sale of goods and services measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns and allowances, trade discounts and volume rebates and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Dividends Income is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment has been established.

(m) Financial instruments

1) Financial assets

1.a Initial recognition and measurement:

Financial assets and liabilities are initially recognized at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities, which are not at fair value through profit or loss, are added to the fair value on initial recognition. Regular way purchase and sale of financial assets are recognised using trade date accounting.

1.b Subsequent measurement

i) Financial assets carried at amortised cost (AC)

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

ii) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

iii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

1.c Equity instruments

Equity investments are measured at fair value, with value changes recognised in statement of profit and loss, except for those equity investments for which the Company has elected to present the value changes in 'Other Comprehensive Income'.

1.d Investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures

The Company has accounted for its investments in subsidiary, joint venture and associate at cost.

1.e Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses impairment based on expected credit loss (ECL) model to the following:

- a. Financial assets at amortised cost
- b. Financial assets measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive income

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance. The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

Historical loss experience used to determine the impairment loss allowance on the portfolio of trade receivables. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward looking estimates are analysed.

For recognition of impairment loss on financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

2 Financial liabilities

2.a Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and in case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable cost. Fees of recurring nature are directly recognised in profit or loss as finance cost.

2.b Subsequent measurement:

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

C CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY:

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosures. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that may require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

C.1 Depreciation and useful lives of Property, Plant and Equipments :

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the assets, after taking into account their estimated residual value. Intangible assets are amortised over its estimated useful lives. Management reviews the estimated useful lives and residual values of the assets annually in order to determine the amount of depreciation/ amortisation to be recorded during any reporting period. The useful lives and residual values are based on the Company's historical experience with similar assets and take into account anticipated technological changes. The depreciation/ amortisation for future periods is adjusted if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

C.2 Provisions:

Provisions and liabilities are recognized in the period when it becomes probable that there will be a future outflow of funds resulting from past operations or events and the amount of cash outflow can be reliably estimated. The timing of recognition and quantification of the liability require the application of judgment to existing facts and circumstances, which can be subject to change. Since the cash outflows can take place many years in the future, the carrying amounts of provisions and liabilities are reviewed regularly and adjusted to take account of changing facts and circumstances.

C.3 Impairment of non-financial assets:

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or CGU's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. It is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or a group of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transaction are taken into account, if no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

C.4 Recoverability of trade receivable:

Judgements are required in assessing the recoverability of overdue trade receivables and determining whether a provision against those receivables is required. Factors considered include the credit rating of the counterparty, the amount and timing of anticipated future payments and any possible actions that can be taken to mitigate the risk of non-payment.

C.5 Impairment of financial assets:

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected cash loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

D FIRST TIME ADOPTION OF IND AS:

The Company has adopted Ind AS with effect from 1st April 2016 with comparatives being restated. Accordingly, the impact of transition differences has been provided in the Opening Reserve as at 1st April 2015 and all the periods presented have been restated accordingly.

D.1 Exemptions from retrospective application:

(a) Business combination exemption

The Company has applied the exemption as provided in Ind AS 101 on non-application of Ind AS 103, "Business Combinations" to business combinations consummated prior to April 1, 2015 (the "Transition Date"), pursuant to which goodwill arising from a business combination is stated at the carrying amount prior to the date of transition under Indian GAAP.

(b) Fair value as deemed cost exemption:

The Company has elected to measure any item of property, plant and equipment at its carrying value at the transition date except for certain assets which are measured at fair value as deemed cost.

(c) Lease exemption :

The Company do not have any arrangements containing a lease as defined under Appendix C of Ind AS 17 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease, as of the transition date and hence this exemption is not applicable to us.

(d) Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates

The company has elected to measure investments in subsidiary, joint venture and associate at cost.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Amount in Rupees

	As at 31.03.2017		As at 31.03.2016		As at 01.04.2015	
1 NON-CURRENT INVESTMENTS						
i) Investment Classification at Cost						
A. In Equity Shares of subsidiary companies						
Unquoted, fully paid up	Unit	Amount	Unit	Amount	Unit	Amount
Setpro18 Distribution Limited	340,000	3,400,000	340,000	3,400,000	340,000	3,400,000
Reed Infomedia India Private Limited	10,000,000	10,000	10,000,000	10,000	10,000,000	10,000
Greycells18 Media Limited *	176,000	52,799,980	176,000	52,799,980	176,000	52,799,980
Stargaze Entertainment Private Limited	-	-	-	-	64,700	87,267,600
RRK Finhold Private Limited	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000
Colosceum Media Private Limited	1,176,500	82,095,594	1,176,500	82,095,594	1,176,500	82,095,594
RVT Finhold Private Limited	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000
RRB Investments Private Limited	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000
In Equity Shares of Joint Venture companies						
Unquoted, fully paid up						
Ubona Technologies Private Limited	10,821	40,000,000	10,821	40,000,000	10,821	40,000,000
In Equity Shares of Associate Companies						
Unquoted, fully paid up						
24x7 Learning Private Limited **	-	-	-	-	645,558	1
Aeon Learning Private Limited	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000
Total A		<u>178,705,574</u>		<u>178,705,574</u>		<u>265,973,175</u>
* The Company Indirectly holds 8,462,254 Equity shares through its subsidiary RVT Finhold Private Limited.						
** Net of Provision for other than temporary diminution Rs. Nil (as on 01.04.2015 Rs. 2,005.15 Lacs).						
B. In preference shares of subsidiary companies						
Unquoted, fully paid up						
Zero percent ROC Preference shares of Stargaze Entertainment Private Limited	-	-	-	-	391,800	391,800,000
0% Optionally Fully Convertible Preference shares of Colosceum Media Private Limited	108,101	108,101,000	108,101	108,101,000	108,101	108,101,000
0.01% Optionally Fully Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares of RRB Investments Private Limited	2,000,000	100,000	2,000,000	100,000	2,000,000	100,000
In preference shares of Associate Companies						
Unquoted, fully paid up						
Series B Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares of Aeon Learning Private Limited	2	1,020	2	1,020	-	-
Total B		<u>108,202,020</u>		<u>108,202,020</u>		<u>500,001,000</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

	<i>Amount in Rupees</i>					
	As at 31.03.2017		As at 31.03.2016		As at 01.04.2015	
C. In Debentures of fellow subsidiary companies						
Unquoted, fully paid up						
Zero Coupon Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures of RVT Finhold Private Limited	331,350	331,350,000	331,350	331,350,000	331,350	331,350,000
Zero Coupon Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures of RRK Finhold Private Limited	61,875	61,875,000	61,875	61,875,000	65,875	65,875,000
Total C		<u>393,225,000</u>		<u>393,225,000</u>		<u>397,225,000</u>
Total investment at Cost		<u>680,132,594</u>		<u>680,132,594</u>		<u>1,163,199,175</u>
ii) Investments Classified at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income						
In Equity Shares of Others						
Unquoted, fully paid up						
MobileNXT Teleservices Private Limited *	301,876	1	301,876	1	301,876	1
Yatra Online Private Limited	109,348	175,229,974	109,348	175,229,974	50,614	79,702,804
Total investment at FVTOCI		<u>175,229,975</u>		<u>175,229,975</u>		<u>79,702,805</u>
Grand Total		<u>855,362,569</u>		<u>855,362,569</u>		<u>1,242,901,980</u>
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments #		855,362,569		855,362,569		1,242,901,980
* Net of Provision for other than temporary diminution Rs. 1,511.90 Lacs (Previous year's Rs. 1,511.90 Lacs).						
# Net of provision for diminution in Value.						
1.1 Category-wise Non current Investment						
Investment measured at cost		680,132,594		680,132,594		1,163,199,175
Investment measured at fair value through Other comprehensive income		175,229,975		175,229,975		79,702,805
Total Non current investment		<u>855,362,569</u>		<u>855,362,569</u>		<u>1,242,901,980</u>

Amount in Rupees

	As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03.2016	As at 01.04.2015
2 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS (NET)			
Deferred tax assets	4,082,256	4,513,427	5,658,473
Total	<u>4,082,256</u>	<u>4,513,427</u>	<u>5,658,473</u>

Amount in Rupees

	As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03.2016	As at 01.04.2015
3 OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Advance Income Tax (Net of Provision)	768,333	-	-
Total	<u>768,333</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

	<i>Amount in Rupees</i>		
	As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03.2016	As at 01.04.2015
4 CURRENT INVESTMENTS			
Investments Classification at Fair Value Through Profit & Loss			
In Mutual Fund - Quoted			
69.987 (March 2016 : 341.782 April 2015 : 341.782) units of Tata Liquid Fund Direct Plan- Growth	209,931	953,985	881,961
Total	209,931	953,985	881,961
Market value of quoted investments	209,931	953,985	881,961

	<i>Amount in Rupees</i>		
	As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03.2016	As at 01.04.2015
5 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
Cash on hand	-	12,089	12,089
Balances with banks	146,628	114,298	725,199
Cash and cash equivalents as per balance sheet	146,628	126,387	737,288

5.1 Cash and Cash Equivalents includes deposits maintained by the Company with banks, which can be withdrawn by the Company at any point of time without prior notice or penalty on the principal.

5.2 Please refer note no. 18 for details of Specified Bank Notes (SBN) held and transacted during the period 08.11.2016 to 30.12.2016.

	<i>Amount in Rupees</i>		
	As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03.2016	As at 01.04.2015
6 LOANS - CURRENT			
(Unsecured and considered good)			
Loans & advances to related parties	85,532,756	74,070,802	10,369,252
Total	85,532,756	74,070,802	10,369,252

	<i>Amount in Rupees</i>		
	As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03.2016	As at 01.04.2015
7 OTHER CURRENT ASSETS			
(Unsecured and considered good)			
Interest Receivable	-	-	3,356
Other advances	-	-	10,111,111
Loans & advances from related parties	212,843	220,702	-
Total	212,843	220,702	10,114,467

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Amount in Rupees

	As at 31.03.2017		As at 31.03.2016		As at 01.04.2015	
	Number of Shares	Rs.	Number of Shares	Rs.	Number of Shares	Rs.
8 SHARE CAPITAL						
a. Authorized shares capital						
i. Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each	1,000,000	10,000,000	1,000,000	10,000,000	1,000,000	10,000,000
ii. Preference Shares of Rs 10/- each	5,000,000	50,000,000	5,000,000	50,000,000	5,000,000	50,000,000
b. Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital						
Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid up	10,000	100,000	10,000	1,00,000	10,000	100,000
Total	10,000	100,000	10,000	1,00,000	10,000	100,000
(i) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding						
i. Equity shares	Number of Shares	Rs.	Number of Shares	Rs.	Number of Shares	Rs.
At the beginning of the year	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000
Outstanding at the end of the year	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000

(ii) Description of the rights and restrictions attached to Equity shares

Each holder of Equity Shares is entitled to one vote per share held. The shares rank pari passu in all respects. In the event of liquidation, the holders are eligible to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

(iii) Details of shares held within the Group

	As at 31.03.2017		As at 31.03.2016		As at 01.04.2015	
	Number of Shares	Rs.	Number of Shares	Rs.	Number of Shares	Rs.
Equity Shares held by Network18 Media & Investments Limited * (the holding company)	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000	10,000	1,00,000
Total	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000

* Including shares held jointly by its nominees.

(iv) Details of equity shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

Name of Shareholder	As at 31.03.2017		As at 31.03.2017		As at 01.04.2015	
	Number of Shares	% of Holding	Number of Shares	% of Holding	Number of Shares	% of Holding
Network18 Media & Investments Limited	10,000	100%	10,000	100%	10,000	100%

(v) No shares have been issued for consideration other than cash or as bonus shares or bought back in the current reporting period or in the last five years immediately preceding the current reporting period.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

	<i>Amount in Rupees</i>		
	As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03.2016	As at 01.04.2015
9 OTHER EQUITY			
a. Equity Instruments			
(i) Debenture			
788,902 (March 2016 : 784,902 April 2015 : 989,402) Zero Coupon Optionally Fully Convertible Debenture of Rs 1000/- each*			
Opening balance	784,902,000	989,402,000	989,402,000
Issued/(redeemed) during the year	4,000,000	(204,500,000)	-
	788,902,000	784,902,000	989,402,000
(ii) Preference Shares			
2,548,000 (March 2016 : 2,548,000 April 2015 : 2,548,000) 15% Optionally Fully Convertible Preference Shares @ Rs. 10/- each**			
Opening balance	25,480,000	25,480,000	25,480,000
Issued/(redeemed) during the year	-	-	-
	25,480,000	25,480,000	25,480,000
Total Equity Instrument	814,382,000	810,382,000	1,014,882,000
b. Other Reserves			
(i) Securities premium account			
Opening balance	848,520,000	848,520,000	848,520,000
Addition during the year	-	-	-
	848,520,000	848,520,000	848,520,000
(ii) Retained Earnings			
Opening balance	(700,779,142)	(891,219,303)	(891,218,362)
Profit / Loss for the year	6,422,537	19,04,40,161	-
Ind AS adjustments	-	-	(941)
	(694,356,605)	(700,779,142)	(891,219,303)
Total Other reserves	154,163,395	147,740,858	(42,699,303)
c. Other OCI			
(i) Equity instruments through Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)			
Opening balance	(26,088,903)	(10,491,345)	(10,491,345)
Add: Amount recognised during the year	-	(15,597,558)	-
	(26,088,903)	(26,088,903)	(10,491,345)
Total Other Equity	942,456,492	932,033,955	961,691,352

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

* Terms of redemption

Zero Coupon Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures (ZOFCDD) has tenure of 10 years from the date of allotment, are unsecured and do not carry interest right. The debentures are convertible into equity shares of the Company in the ratio of 1:1 at the option of the Issuer. The conversion option is exercisable any time after two years of the date of allotment. The debentures are held by Network18 Media & Investments Limited.

** Description of the rights and restrictions attached of preference shares

15% Optionally Fully Convertible Preference Shares (OFCPS) has tenure of 15 year from allotment date and carry non cumulative dividend right. The shares are convertible into equity of the Company at option of the issuer at higher of the book value as at March 31, 2015 or face value of the equity share and shall rank pari passu with the exiting equity shares. The shares are held by Network18 Media & Investment Ltd.

	<i>Amount in Rupees</i>		
	As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03.2016	As at 01.04.2015
10 OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES			
(a) Statutory Dues	333,500	6,000	1,069,264
(b) Other Liabilities	1,587,824	463,288	291,771,260
(c) Other advances from related parties	1,837,500	-	11,518,797
Total	<u><u>3,758,824</u></u>	<u><u>469,288</u></u>	<u><u>304,359,321</u></u>
	<i>Amount in Rupees</i>		
	As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03.2016	As at 01.04.2015
11 CURRENT PROVISIONS			
Provision for tax (net of advance tax)	-	2,644,629	4,512,748
Total	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>2,644,629</u></u>	<u><u>4,512,748</u></u>
	<i>Amount in Rupees</i>		
	Year ended 31.03.2017	Year ended 31.03.2016	
12 OTHER INCOME			
Interest Income on			
- Loans and advances to related parties *	8,846,623	3,790,847	
- Deposits with banks	-	676,123	
Other non-operating income			
- Gain/(loss) on financial assets classified as at FVTPL	(107,870)	72,024	
- Gain on sale of current investment	163,816	-	
- Loss on sale of Non current investments	-	(13,807,933)	
- Provision no longer required written back	-	200,515,425	
Total	<u><u>8,902,569</u></u>	<u><u>191,246,486</u></u>	

* Please refer Note no. 17.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

	<i>Amount in Rupees</i>	
	Year ended 31.03.2017	Year ended 31.03.2016
13 FINANCE COST		
Interest others	-	76,089
Other financial charges	89	1,657
Total	89	77,746

	<i>Amount in Rupees</i>	
	Year ended 31.03.2017	Year ended 31.03.2016
14 OTHER EXPENSES		
Establishment Expenses		
Payment to auditors (Refer details below)	1,558,250	461,291
Directors sitting fee	338,750	150,000
Legal and professional expenses	2,744,567	117,288
Total	4,641,567	728,579
Payment to auditor		
As auditor:		
Statutory Audit fee	69,300	68,700
For other service (including limited review)	1,488,950	392,591
Total	1,558,250	461,291

	<i>Amount in Rupees</i>	
	Year ended 31.03.2017	Year ended 31.03.2016

15. TAXATION

a) Income Tax recognised in Profit or Loss

Current Tax	1,256,023	-
Prior period Tax	(3,417,647)	-
Deferred Tax	-	-
Total Income Tax Expense recognised in the current year relating to Continuing Operations	(2,161,624)	-

The Income Tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:

Profit before Tax from Continuing Operations	4,260,913	-
Applicable Tax Rate	29.87%	0.00%
Computed Tax Expense	1,272,735	-
Tax Effect of :		
Income not Considered	(48,933)	-
Expenses not Allowed	32,221	-
Tax Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	1,256,023	-
Effective Tax Rate	29.48%	0.00%

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Particulars	Amount in Rupees		
	As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03.2016	As at 01.04.2015
b) Current Tax Assets (Net)			
At start of year	(2,644,629)	(4,512,748)	(4,512,748)
Charge for the year	(1,256,023)	-	-
Over provision prior period	3,417,647	-	-
TDS & other adjustments for prior years	(349,469)	398,528	-
Tax paid during the year	1,600,807	1,469,591	-
At the end of the year	768,333	(2,644,629)	(4,512,748)

Particulars	Amount in Rupees	
	Year ended 31.03.2017	Year ended 31.03.2016
16 EARNINGS PER SHARE (EPS)		
Net Profit after Tax as per Profit and Loss Statement attributable to Equity Shareholders	6,422,537	190,440,161
Weighted average number of equity shares used as denominator for calculating Basic EPS	10,000	10,000
Total Weighted Average Potential Equity Shares	3,336,902	3,332,902
Weighted Average number of Equity Shares used as denominator for calculating diluted EPS	3,346,902	3,342,902
Earnings per Equity Share		
1) Basic (Rs.)	642.25	19,044.02
2) Diluted (Rs.)	1.92	56.97
Face Value per Equity Share (Rs.)	10	10

17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As per Ind AS 24, the disclosures of transactions with the related parties are given below:

- a) List of related parties where control exists and related parties with whom transactions have taken place and relationships:

Sr. No.	Name of Related Party	Relationship
1	Independent Media Trust	Enterprise exercising Control
2	Adventure Marketing Private Limited*	
3	Watermark Infratech Private Limited*	
4	Colorful Media Private Limited*	
5	RB Media Holdings Private Limited*	
6	RB Mediasoft Private Limited*	
7	RRB Mediasoft Private Limited*	
8	RB Holdings Private Limited*	
9	Teesta Retail Private Limited (formerly Shinano Retail Private Limited which has merged with Teesta Retail Private Limited effective 29.12.2016)*	
10	Network18 Media & Investments Limited	

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Sr. No.	Name of Related Party	Relationship
11	Reliance Industries Limited (RIL)	Beneficiary/Protector of Independent Media Trust
12	Reliance Industrial Investments and Holdings Limited	
13	RRK Finhold Private Limited	Subsidiaries
14	RVT Finhold Private Limited	
15	Greycells18 Media Limited	
16	Setpro18 Distribution Limited	
17	Coloseum Media Private Limited	
18	RRB Investments Private Limited	
19	Reed Infomedia India Private Limited	
20	Stargaze Entertainment Private Limited (upto 23.04.2015)	
21	Ubona Technologies Private Limited	Joint Venture
22	Aeon Learnings Private Limited	Associate
23	24 X 7 Learnings Private Limited (upto 27.03.2016)	

* Control by Independent Media Trust of which RIL is the sole beneficiary.

b) Transactions during the year with related parties :

Amount in Rupees

Nature of Transactions	Enterprises exercising control 3/31/2017	Subsidiary 3/31/2017	Associate 3/31/2017	Joint ventures 3/31/2017
Details of related party transactions				
Interest Expenses				
Network18 Media & Investments Limited	-	-	-	-
	(76,089)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Interest Income				
Greycells18 Media Limited	-	8,846,623	-	-
	(-)	(3,790,847)	(-)	(-)
Loan given				
Greycells18 Media Limited	-	3,500,000	-	-
	(-)	(60,500,000)	(-)	(-)
Debenture Application Money received				
Network18 Media & Investments Limited	4,000,000	-	-	-
	(30,000,000)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Debenture issued during the period				
Network18 Media & Investments Limited	4,000,000	-	-	-
	(10,500,000)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Debenture redeemed during the period				
Network18 Media & Investments Limited	-	-	-	-
	(245,000,000)	(-)	(-)	(-)
RRK Finhold Private Limited	-	-	-	-
	(-)	(4,000,000)	(-)	(-)
Reimbursement of expenses paid				
Network18 Media & Investments Limited	1,837,500	-	-	-
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Amount in Rupees

Nature of Transactions	Enterprises exercising control 3/31/2017	Subsidiary 3/31/2017	Associate 3/31/2017	Joint ventures 3/31/2017
Balances outstanding				
Loan Receivable at the year ended (including Interest)				
Greycells18 Media Limited	-	85,532,756	-	-
	(-)	(74,070,802)	(-)	(-)
	(-)	(10,369,252)	(-)	(-)
Loan Payable at the year ended (including Interest)				
Network18 Media & Investments Limited	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
	(11,516,958)	-	-	-
Amount Payable at the year ended				
RRK Finhold Private Limited	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
	-	(62)	-	-
Amount receivable at the year ended				
RVT Finhold Private Limited	-	212,843	-	-
	(-)	(212,843)	(-)	(-)
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
RRB Investments Private Limited	-	-	-	-
	(-)	(7,859)	-	(-)
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Invesments - Equity Share at the year ended				
RRK Finhold Private Limited	-	100,000	-	-
	(-)	(100,000)	(-)	(-)
	(-)	(100,000)	(-)	(-)
RVT Finhold Private Limited	-	100,000	-	-
	(-)	(100,000)	(-)	(-)
	(-)	(100,000)	(-)	(-)
RRB Investments Private Limited	-	100,000	-	-
	(-)	(100,000)	(-)	(-)
	(-)	(100,000)	(-)	(-)
Setpro18 Distribution Limited	-	3,400,000	-	-
	(-)	(3,400,000)	(-)	(-)
	(-)	(3,400,000)	(-)	(-)
Greycells18 Media Limited	-	52,799,980	-	-
	(-)	(52,799,980)	(-)	(-)
	(-)	(52,799,980)	(-)	(-)
Reed Infomedia India Private Limited	-	10,000	-	-
	(-)	(10,000)	(-)	(-)
	(-)	(10,000)	(-)	(-)
Aeon Learnings Private Limited	-	-	100,000	-
	(-)	(-)	(100,000)	(-)
		(-)	(100,000)	(-)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Amount in Rupees

Nature of Transactions	Enterprises exercising control 3/31/2017	Subsidiary 3/31/2017	Associate 3/31/2017	Joint ventures 3/31/2017
Colosseum Media Private Limited	-	82,095,594	-	-
	(-)	(82,095,594)	(-)	(-)
	(-)	(82,095,594)	(-)	(-)
Stargaze Entertainment Private Limited	-	-	-	-
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
	(-)	(87,257,600)	(-)	(-)
Ubona Technologies Private Limited	-	-	-	40,000,000
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(40,000,000)
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(40,000,000)
Invesments Preference Share at the year ended				
Colosseum Media Private Limited	-	108,101,000	-	-
	(-)	(108,101,000)	(-)	(-)
	(-)	(108,101,000)	(-)	(-)
RRB Investments Private Limited	-	100,000	-	-
	(-)	(100,000)	(-)	(-)
	(-)	(100,000)	(-)	(-)
Aeon Learnings Private Limited	-	-	1,020	-
	(-)	(-)	(1,020)	(-)
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Debenture Application Money received at the year ended				
Network18 Media & Investments Limited	-	-	-	-
	(30,000,000)	(-)	(-)	(-)
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Zero Coupon Convetiable Debenture (Investment)				
RRK Finhold Private Limited	-	61,875,000	-	-
	(-)	(61,875,000)	(-)	(-)
	(-)	(65,875,000)	(-)	(-)
RVT Finhold Private Limited	-	3,313,50,000	-	-
	(-)	(331,350,000)	(-)	(-)
	(-)	(331,350,000)	(-)	(-)
Stargaze Entertainment Private Limited	-	-	-	-
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
	(-)	(391,800,000)	(-)	(-)
Zero Coupon Convetiable Debenture (Liability)				
Network18 Media & Investments Limited	788,902,000	-	-	-
	(784,902,000)	(-)	(-)	(-)
	(989,402,000)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Loans and advances payable (Reimbursement of expenses paid)				
Network18 Media & Investments Limited	1,837,500	-	-	-
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

18 Details of Specified Bank Notes (SBN) held and transacted during the period 08.11.2016 to 30.12.2016 is as under:

Amount in Rupees

	SBNs	Other denomination notes	Total
Closing cash in hand as on 08.11.2016	12,000	89	12,089
(+) Permitted receipts	-	-	-
(-) Permitted payments	-	-	-
(-) Amount deposited in Banks	12,000	89	12,089
Closing cash in hand as on 30.12.2016	-	-	-

19 The Board of Directors, have approved the amalgamation of the Company with Network18 Media & Investments Limited, the holding Company (“Transferee Company”) in accordance with the proposed Scheme of Amalgamation for amalgamation of Colosseum Media Private Limited, Digital18 Media Limited, Capital18 Fincap Private Limited, RVT Finhold Private Limited, RRB Finhold Private Limited, RRB Investments Private Limited, Setpro18 Distribution Limited, Reed Infomedia India Private Limited, Web18 Software Services Limited, Television Eighteen Media and Investments Limited, Television Eighteen Mauritius Limited, Web18 Holdings Limited, E18 Limited and Network18 Holdings Limited with the ‘Transferee Company’ with appointed date as 1st April, 2016, subject to necessary approvals.

20. FIRST TIME IND AS ADOPTION RECONCILIATIONS

20.1 Effect of IND AS adoption on the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2016 and 1st April, 2015

Amount in Rupees

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2016			As at 1 st April, 2015		
	As per Previous GAAP	Effect of transition to Ind AS	As per Ind AS balance sheet	As per Previous GAAP	Effect of transition to Ind AS	As per Ind AS balance sheet
Non-current assets						
(a) Financial Assets						
– Investment	881,451,472	(26,088,903)	855,362,569	1,253,393,325	(10,491,345)	1,242,901,980
(b) Deferred tax assets (Net)	-	4,513,427	4,513,427	-	5,658,473	5,658,473
Current assets						
(a) Financial Assets						
(i) Investments	882,902	71,083	953,985	882,902	(941)	881,961
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	126,387	-	126,387	737,288	-	737,288
(iii) Loans	76,160,302	(2,089,500)	74,070,802	20,588,993	(10,219,741)	10,369,252
(b) Other current assets	-	220,702	220,702	10,111,111	3,356	10,114,467
Total Assets	958,621,063	(23,373,191)	935,247,872	1,285,713,619	(15,050,198)	1,270,663,421
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES						
Equity						
(a) Equity Share capital	25,580,000	(25,480,000)	100,000	25,580,000	(25,480,000)	100,000
(b) Other Equity	147,669,775	784,364,180	932,033,955	(42,698,362)	1,004,389,714	961,691,352
Liabilities						
Non-Current liabilities						
Financial liabilities						
Borrowings	784,902,000	(784,902,000)	-	1,000,918,958	(1,000,918,958)	-
Current liabilities						
(a) Other current liabilities	469,288	-	469,288	292,842,363	11,516,958	304,359,321
(b) Provisions	-	2,644,629	2,644,629	9,070,660	(4,557,912)	4,512,748
Total Equity & Liabilities	958,621,063	(23,373,191)	935,247,872	1,285,713,619	(15,050,198)	1,270,663,421

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

20.2 Reconciliation of Reserve between IND AS and Previous GAAP

Amount in Rupees

Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2016		
	Year ended 31st March, 2016	As at 31st March, 2016	As at 1st April, 2015
Net Profit/Reserves as per Previous Indian GAAP	190,368,137	147,669,775	(42,698,362)
1 Fair Valuation of current investment	72,024	71,083	(941)
2 Debenture	-	784,902,000	989,402,000
3 Preference Shares	-	25,480,000	25,480,000
4 Fair Valuation of non-current investment	-	(26,088,903)	(10,491,345)
5 Deferred Tax	-	-	-
Total	72,024	784,364,180	1,004,389,714
Net profit before OCI/Reserves as per Ind AS	190,440,161	932,033,955	961,691,352

Notes:

- 1 Fair valuation of Mutual Fund as per market rate and cost price.
- 2 Debentures shows in Long term borrowings under previous GAAP while it is disclosed under Other equity in Ind AS.
- 3 Preference shares shows in share capital under previous GAAP while it is disclosed under Other equity in Ind AS.
- 4 Investment made in Yatra online Private Limited was shown at its cost price in previous GAAP while it is Fair valued in Ind AS.

20.3 Effect of Ind AS adoption on the statement of profit and loss for the year ended 31st March, 2016

Amount in Rupees

Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2016		
	Previous GAAP	Effect of transition to Ind AS	As per Ind AS balance sheet
Income			
Other income	191,174,462	72,024	191,246,486
Total Income	191,174,462	72,024	191,246,486
Expenses			
Finance costs	77,746	-	77,746
Other expenses	728,579	-	728,579
Total Expense	806,325	-	806,325
Profit/ (Loss) before tax	190,368,137	72,024	190,440,161
Tax expense			
Current tax	-	-	-
Deffered tax	-	-	-
Net tax expense	-	-	-
Profit/ (Loss) for the year	190,368,137	72,024	190,440,161

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

21. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

i. Segment Reporting

Considering the nature of Company's business, there is only one Reportable Segment in accordance with the requirement of IND AS-108 on "Segment Reporting", hence separate disclosure of the segment information is not considered necessary.

- ii. Based on the available information with the Company under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, amounts unpaid as at year end/payment made during the year/ payable at the year end to such Enterprises under this Act is Nil (Previous years Nil).

	<i>Amount in Rupees</i>		
	As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03.2016	As at 01.04.2015
iii. Contingent liabilities & commitments	-	-	-
iv. Earning in Foreign Currency	-	-	-
v. Expenditure in Foreign Currency	-	-	-
vi. Value of Imports on CIF basis	-	-	-

22 PRIOR YEAR COMPARATIVES

Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current period's classification/ disclosure.

- 23 In view of the management, the company is not carrying business of non –banking financial institution '(NBFI)'.

In terms of our report attached

For Mohan L. Jain & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 005345N

Ankush Jain

Partner

Membership No. 540194

Place: Noida

Date: 15.04.2017

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Deepak Gupta

Director

DIN - 07520015

Place: Noida

Date: 15.04.2017

Karanvir Singh Gill

Director

DIN - 07283590