RELIANCE PROLIFIC COMMERCIAL PRIVATE LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2016-17

Independent Auditor's Report

TO THE MEMBERS OF RELIANCE PROLIFIC COMMERCIAL PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the financial statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Reliance Prolific Commercial Private Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2017, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, profit or loss, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Ind AS, of the state of affairs (financial position)of the Company as at 31st March, 2017, and its loss (financial performance including other comprehensive income) , its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
   a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.

c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.

d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act.

e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2017 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2017 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.

f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in “Annexure B”.

g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor’s Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

   i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact on its financial position.

   ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.

   iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

   iv. The company did not hold any Specified Bank Notes as on 8th November, 2016 and the Company had not dealth with such notes during the period from 8th November, 2016 to 30th December, 2016 and hence, the requirement of disclosure in financial statements is not applicable to the Company.

For **Chaturvedi & Shah**
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration no. 101720W)

Jignesh Mehta
Partner
Membership No.: 102749

Place : Mumbai
Date : 14th April, 2017

"ANNEXURE A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF RELIANCE PROLIFIC COMMERCIAL PRIVATE LIMITED

(Referred to in Paragraph 1 under the heading of "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date)

i) In respect of its fixed assets :

   a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets on the basis of available information.

   b) As explained to us, all the fixed assets have been physically verified by the management in a phased periodical manner, which in our opinion is reasonable, having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.

   c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the company.

ii) As the Company has no Inventories, clause (ii) paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

iii) The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act. Consequently, the requirement of clause (iii) (a) to clause (iii) (c) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

iv) Company has not granted any loans, investments, guarantees and securities covered under section 185 and 186 of the Act.

v) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed there under. Therefore, the clause (v) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

vi) To the best of our knowledge and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under sub section (1) of Section 148 of the Act in respect of the activities undertaken by the Company.

vii) In respect of Statutory dues :

   a) According to the records of the Company, undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues have been regularly deposited with appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the aforesaid dues, were outstanding as at March 31, 2017 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

   b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess on account of any dispute, which have not been deposited.

viii) The Company has not raised loans from financial institutions or banks or by issue of debentures and hence clause (viii) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

ix) The company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) or term Loan and hence clause (ix) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

x) Based on the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and as per information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.

xi) Company has not paid any managerial remuneration during the year and hence clause (xi) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

xii) In our opinion company is not a Nidhi company. Therefore, the provisions of clause (xii) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the company.

xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions with related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act and their details have been disclosed in the financial statements etc., as required by the applicable accounting standards.

xiv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year and hence clause (xiv) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the company.

xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transaction with the directors or persons connected with him and covered under section 192 of the Act. Hence, clause (xv) of the paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

xvi) To the best of our knowledge and as explained, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For **Chaturvedi & Shah**
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration no. 101720W)

Jignesh Mehta
Partner
Membership No.: 102749

Place : Mumbai
Date : 14th April, 2017

ANNEXURE "B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF RELIANCE PROLIFIC COMMERCIAL PRIVATE LIMITED

(Referred to in paragraph 2 (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **RELIANCE PROLIFIC COMMERCIAL PRIVATE LIMITED**("the Company") as of 31st March, 2017 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note issued by ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company ; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2017, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICAI.

For **Chaturvedi & Shah**
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration no. 101720W)

Jignesh Mehta
Partner
Membership No.: 102749

Place : Mumbai
Date : 14th April, 2017

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2017

Amount in ₹

	Notes	As at 31st March, 2017	As at 31st March 2016	As at 1st April 2015
ASSETS				
Non-Current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	1	**634 35 76 058**	521 81 77 773	521 81 77 773
Capital Work-in-Progress	1	**1 42 39 669**	109 02 36 230	105 12 75 500
Other Non-Current Assets	2	**57 37 546**	57 37 546	36 46 000
Total Non-Current assets		**636 35 53 273**	631 41 51 549	627 30 99 273
Current Assets				
Financial Assets				
Trade Receivables	3	**-**	21 61 053	21 61 053
Cash and cash equivalents	4	**37 75 583**	37 09 894	38 93 097
Current Tax Assets (Net)	5	**32 289**	78 842	78 384
Other Current Assets	6	**7 34 654**	4 44 060	13 44 164
Total Current assets		**45 42 526**	63 93 849	74 76 698
Total Assets		**636 80 95 799**	632 05 45 398	628 05 75 971
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Equity				
Equity Share Capital	7	**1 00 00 000**	1 00 00 000	1 00 00 000
Other Equity	8	**630 61 60 443**	629 44 82 782	624 46 51 963
Total equity		**631 61 60 443**	630 44 82 782	625 46 51 963
Liabilities				
Non-Current Liabilities				
Financial Liabilities				
Borrowings	9	**3 45 00 000**	21 00 000	69 00 000
Other Non-Current Liabilities	10	**1 20 000**		19 17 851
Total Non-Current Liabilities		**3 46 20 000**	21 00 000	88 17 851
Current Liabilities				
Other Current Liabilities	11	**1 73 15 356**	1 39 62 616	1 71 06 157
Total current liabilities		**1 73 15 356**	1 39 62 616	1 71 06 157
Total Liabilities		**5 19 35 356**	1 60 62 616	2 59 24 008
Total Equity and Liabilities		**636 80 95 799**	632 05 45 398	628 05 75 971
Significant Accounting Policies				
See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements	**1 to 26**			

As per our Report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board

For Chaturvedi & Shah
Firm Registration No: 101720W
Chartered Accountants

Jignesh Mehta
Partner
Membership No: 102749

Mumbai
Dated : 14th April, 2017

Raman Sheshadri
Director
(DIN : 05244442)

Shivkumar Ramanand Bhardwaj
Director
(DIN : 00001584)

Pramod Bhawalkar
Director
(DIN : 01114946)

B. Chandrasekaran
Director
(DIN : 06670563)

Saravanan Viswanathan
Director
(DIN : 05244819)

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Amount in ₹

	Notes	2016-17	2015-16
INCOME			
Other Income	**12**	**5 34 949**	5 71 974
Total Income		**5 34 949**	5 71 974
EXPENSES			
Finance Costs	**13**	**42 934**	8 84 041
Depreciation and Amortisation Expense		**1 36 32 134**	-
Other Expenses	**14**	**7 33 366**	25 08 255
Total Expenses		**1 44 08 434**	33 92 296
Profit/(Loss) Before Tax		**(1 38 73 485)**	(28 20 322)
Tax Expenses			
Current Tax		**-**	-
For earlier years		**48 854**	48 859
Deferred Tax		-	-
Profit For the Year		**(1 39 22 339)**	(28 69 181)
Other Comprehensive Income :			
a} Items that will be reclassified to Profit & loss		**-**	-
b} Items that will not be reclassified to Profit & loss		**-**	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		**(1 39 22 339)**	(28 69 181)
Earnings per equity share of face value of ₹ 10 each			
Basic and Diluted (in ₹)	**15**	**(13.92)**	(2.87)
Significant Accounting Policies			
See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements	**1 to 26**		

As per our Report of even date

For Chaturvedi & Shah
Firm Registration No: 101720W
Chartered Accountants

Jignesh Mehta
Partner
Membership No: 102749

Mumbai
Dated : 14th April, 2017

For and on behalf of the Board

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B. Chandrasekaran
Director
(DIN : 06670563)

Saravanan Viswanathan
Director
(DIN : 05244819)

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March, 2017

A. Equity Share Capital

Amount in ₹

Balance at the beginning of the reporting period i.e. 1st April, 2015	Changes in equity share capital during the year 2015-16	Balance at the end of the reporting period i.e. 31st March, 2016	Changes in equity share capital during the year 2016-17	Balance at the end of the reporting period i.e. 31st March, 2017
1 00 00 000	-	1 00 00 000	-	1 00 00 000

B. Other Equity

Amount in ₹

	Reserve and Surplus		Instruments Classified as Equity*	Total
	Retained Earnings **	Securities Premium Account		
AS ON 31st March 2016				
Balance at beginning of reporting period i.e. 1st April, 2015	**217 65 51 963**	**331 33 60 000**	**75 47 40 000**	**624 46 51 963**
Add: Total Comprehensive Income for the year	**(28 69 181)**	**-**	**-**	**(28 69 181)**
Add: Securities Premium taken during the year	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Add: Debentures issued during the year #	**-**	**-**	**5 27 00 000**	**5 27 00 000**
Balance at the end of the reporting period i.e. 31st March, 2016	**217 36 82 782**	**331 33 60 000**	**80 74 40 000**	**629 44 82 782**
AS ON 31st March, 2017				
Balance at beginning of reporting period i.e. 1st April, 2016	**217 36 82 782**	**331 33 60 000**	**80 74 40 000**	**629 44 82 782**
Add: Total Comprehensive Income for the year	**(1 39 22 339)**	**-**	**-**	**(1 39 22 339)**
Add: Securities Premium taken during theyear	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Add: Debentures issued during the year #	**-**	**-**	**2 56 00 000**	**2 56 00 000**
Balance at the end of the reporting period i.e. 31st March, 2017	**215 97 60 443**	**331 33 60 000**	**83 30 40 000**	**630 61 60 443**

* Instruments classified as Equity includes 6 64 000 fully paid (Previous year 6 64 000) 10% Non Cumulative Optionally Convertible Redeemable Preference shares of ₹ 10 each held by Reliance Industries Limited, the Ultimate Holding Company. These Preference Shares shall carry a preferential right over the Equity shares of the Company as regards to payment of dividend and repayment of capital, in the event of winding-up of the Company. The dividend proposed, if any, by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting. The Company (issuer) & Preference-holder will have an option for early conversion at any time after allotment of the Preference Shares by giving one month notice to the Company. The conversion will be based on higher of book value or face value as at March 31, 2015.The equity shares arising out of conversion of the Preference Shares will rank pari passu in all respects with the then outstanding equity shares of the Company on the date of such conversion, except for dividend, which if declared, shall be paid on pro-rata basis from the date of allotment of such Equity Shares. The Company will settle the outstanding Preference Shares on expiry of 20 years.

* Instruments classified as Equity includes 8 26 40 000 fully paid (previous year 8 08 00 000) Zero Coupon Unsecured Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures (OFCD) of ₹ 10 each held by Reliance Industries Limited. The Company (issuer) & Debenture-holder will have an option for early conversion at any time after allotment of the OFCDs by giving one month notice to the Company. The conversion will be based on higher of book value or face value as at March 31, 2015. The equity shares arising out of conversion of the OFCDs will rank pari passu in all respects with the then outstanding equity shares of the Company on the date of such conversion, except for dividend, which if declared, shall be paid on pro-rata basis from the date of allotment of such Equity Shares. The Company will settle the outstanding OFCDs on expiry of 15 years. Since the OFCDs are unsecured, no security is required to be created.

Represents the Net Movement in Zero Coupon Unsecured Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures(OFCD) taken place in relevant Financial Year.

** In view of the loss for the year, the company has not created the Debenture Redemption Reserve for a cumulative amount of ₹ 1 89 43 922 (Previous Year ₹ 54 22 249) in terms of section 71(4) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 18(7) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debenture) Rules, 2014. The Company shall create the Debenture Redemption Reserve out of profits, if any, in the future years.

As per our Report of even date

For Chaturvedi & Shah
Firm Registration No: 101720W
Chartered Accountants

Jignesh Mehta
Partner
Membership No: 102749

Mumbai
Dated : 14th April, 2017

For and on behalf of the Board

Raman Sheshadri
Director
(DIN : 05244442)

Shivkumar Ramanand Bhardwaj
Director
(DIN : 00001584)

Pramod Bhawalkar
Director
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B. Chandrasekaran
Director
(DIN : 06670563)

Saravanan Viswanathan
Director
(DIN : 05244819)

Cash Flow Statement for the year 2016-17

		2016-17	Amount in ₹ 2015-16
A	**CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES**		
	Net Profit / (Loss) before tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss	**(1 38 73 485)**	(28 20 322)
	Adjusted for :		
	Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	**1 36 32 134**	-
	Interest Income	**(5 34 949)**	(5 71 974)
	Finance Cost	**42 934**	8 84 041
	Operating Profit / (Loss) before Working Capital Changes	**(7 33 366)**	(25 08 255)
	Adjusted for :		
	Other Current assets	**(2 90 594)**	11 99 989
	Trade Receivable	**21 61 053**	-
	Other Non-Current Liabilities	**1 20 000**	(19 17 851)
	Other Current Liabilities	**29 98 578**	35 16 484
	Cash Generated from / (used in) Operations	**42 55 671**	2 90 367
	Tax Paid (net)	**2 301**	49 317
	Net Cash flow from / (used in) Operating Activities	**42 53 370**	2 41 050
B	**CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES**		
	Purchase of Property, plant and equipment	**(6 30 33 858)**	(3 89 60 730)
	Movement in Security Deposits	**-**	(20 91 546)
	Interest Income	**5 34 949**	2 72 089
	Net Cash from / (used in) Investing Activities	**(6 24 98 909)**	(4 07 80 187)
C	**CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES**		
	Proceeds from Long Term Borrowings	**6 24 60 000**	4 09 50 000
	Repayment of Long Term Borrowings	**(3 00 60 000)**	(4 57 50 000)
	Proceeds from Issue of Debentures	**2 56 00 000**	5 27 00 000
	Interest Paid	**3 11 228**	(75 44 066)
Net Cash Generated from / (used in) Financing Activities		**5 83 11 228**	4 03 55 934
Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		**65 689**	(1 83 203)
Opening Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents		**5 63 435**	7 46 638
Closing Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents (Refer Note No. 4)		**6 29 124**	5 63 435

As per our Report of even date

For Chaturvedi & Shah
Firm Registration No: 101720W
Chartered Accountants

Jignesh Mehta
Partner
Membership No: 102749

Mumbai
Dated : 14th April, 2017

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Saravanan Viswanathan
Director
(DIN : 05244819)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

A. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Reliance Prolific Commercial Private Limited ['the company'] is a public limited company incorporated in India having its registered office and principal place of business at 4th Floor, Court House, Lokmanya Tilak Marg, Dhobi Talao, Mumbai-400002. The principal activity of the company is business of real estate and development of commercial properties in India.

B. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

B.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND PRESENTATION

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain assets and liabilities which has been measured at fair value as per requirement of IndAS.

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared to comply with the Indian Accounting standards (‘Ind AS’), including the rules notified under the relevant provisions of the companies Act, 2013.

Upto the year ended March 31, 2016, the Company has prepared its financial statements in accordance with the requirement of Indian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), which includes Standards notified under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 and considered as “Previous GAAP”.

These financial statements are the Company`s first Ind AS consolidated financial statements and as covered by Ind AS 101 - First time adoption of Indian Accounting Standards.

Company’s financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹), which is its functional currency.

B.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Property, plant and equipment:

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes purchase price, taxes and duties, labour cost and direct overheads for self-constructed assets and other direct costs incurred up to the date the asset is ready for its intended use.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset’s carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow the entity and the cost can be measured reliably.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided using straight line method. Depreciation is provided based on useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 except for premium paid on Leasehold Land which is amortised over the period of the lease. The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

(b) Leases:

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Company as a lessee

A leased asset is amortised over the period of the lease.

(c) Intangible Assets:

Intangible Assets are stated at cost of acquisition. Intangible Assets are annually tested for impairment.

(d) Finance Costs:

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use.

Interest income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

(e) Taxation

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in the comprehensive income or in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income and equity.

- **Current Tax**

  Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates and laws that are enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance sheet date.

- **Deferred Tax**

  Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

  Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of Deferred tax liabilities and assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

(f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand and deposits with any qualifying financial institution repayable on demand or maturing within three months of the date of acquisition and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

(g) Foreign Currencies

Company's financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (‘), which is its functional currency.

Transactions and Translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency closing rates of exchange at the reporting date.

Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that exchange differences which are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on foreign currency borrowings are capitalized as cost of assets under construction. Additionally, exchange gains or losses on foreign currency borrowings taken prior to April 1, 2016 which are related to the acquisition or construction of fixed assets are adjusted in the carrying cost of such assets.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are recorded using the exchange rates at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in OCI or profit or loss are also recognised in OCI or profit or loss, respectively).

(h) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government.

Revenue is recognised only if following condition are satisfied:

- The Company has transferred risks and rewards incidental to ownership to the customer;
- The Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

- It is probable that the economic benefit associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- It can be reliably measured and it is reasonable to expect ultimate collection

Revenue from operations includes sale of goods, services, service tax, excise duty and sales during trial run period, adjusted for discounts (net).

Interest income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Dividends

Revenue is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment has been established.

(i) Financial Instruments

i) Financial Assets

A. Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial assets and liabilities are initially recognized at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities, which are not at fair value through profit or loss, are added to the fair value on initial recognition. Regular way purchase and sale of financial assets are recognised using trade date accounting.

B. Subsequent measurement

a) Financial assets carried at amortised cost (AC)

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

c) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

C. Investment in Associates

The Company has accounted for its investments in associates at cost.

D. Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses impairment based on expected credit loss (ECL) model to the following:

a. Financial assets at amortised cost

b. Financial assets measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive income

The company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance. The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

The company uses historical loss experience to determine the impairment loss allowance on the portfolio of trade receivables. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward looking estimates are analysed.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

ii) Financial liabilities

A. Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and in case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable cost. Fees of recurring nature are directly recognised in profit or loss as finance cost.

B. Subsequent measurement:

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

iii) Derecognition of financial instruments

The company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109. A financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognized from the company's balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

(j) Impairment of non-financial assets

At each balance sheet date, the Company assesses whether there is any indication that any property, plant and equipment and intangible assets may be impaired. If any such impairment exists the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to determine the extent of impairment, if any. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value, using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in the statement of profit or loss.

(k) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

C. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY:

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgement, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosures. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

(a) Depreciation and useful lives of property plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the assets except for premium paid on Leasehold Land which is amortised over the period of the lease, after taking into account their estimated residual value. Management reviews the estimated useful lives and residual values of the assets annually in order to determine the amount of depreciation to be recorded during any reporting period. The useful lives and residual values are based on the Company's historical experience with similar assets and take into account anticipated technological changes. The depreciation for future periods is adjusted if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

(b) Provisions

Provisions and liabilities are recognized in the period when it becomes probable that there will be a future outflow of funds resulting from past operations or events and the amount of cash outflow can be reliably estimated. The timing of recognition and quantification of the liability require the application of judgement to existing facts and circumstances, which can be subject to change. Since the cash outflows can take place many years in the future, the carrying amounts of provisions and liabilities are reviewed regularly and adjusted to take account of changing facts and circumstances.

(c) Impairment of financial assets:

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected cash loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

(d) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication"exists, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or Cash"Generating Units (CGU's) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. It is determined for an individual asset, unless the"asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or a groups of assets. Where the"carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its"recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transaction are taken into account, if no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

D. FIRST TIME ADOPTION OF IND AS

The Company has adopted Ind AS with effect from 1st April 2016 with comparatives being restated. Accordingly the impact of transition has been provided in the Opening Reserves as at 1st April 2015 and all the periods presented have been restated accordingly.

a) Exemptions from retrospective application:

Fair value as deemed cost exemption:

The Company has elected to measure any item of property, plant and equipment at its carrying value at the transition date except for certain assets which are measured at fair value as deemed cost.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

1. Property, Plant and Equipment

Amount in ₹

Description	Gross block							Depreciation/ amortisation							Net block		
	As at 01-04-2015	Impact on Ind AS transition	Additions/ Adjustments	As at 01-04-2016	Additions/ Adjustments	Deductions/ Adjustments	**As at 31-03-2017**	As at 01-04-2015	Impact on Ind AS transition	For the year	As at 01-04-2016	For the year	Deductions/ Adjustments	**As at 31-03-2017**	**As at 31-03-2017**	As at 31-03-2016	As at 31-03-2016
OWN ASSETS																	
Freehold Land	302 67 52 858	219 14 24 915	-	521 81 77 773	-	-	521 81 77 773	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	521 81 77 773	521 81 77 773	521 81 77 773
Buildings	-	-	-	-	80 94 55 235	-	80 94 55 235	-	-	-	-	44 72 333	-	44 72 333	80 49 82 902	-	-
Plant & Machinery	-	-	-	-	59 32 507	-	59 32 507	-	-	-	-	3 27 785	-	3 27 785	56 04 722	-	-
Electrical Installations	-	-	-	-	15 71 53 343	-	15 71 53 343	-	-	-	-	52 09 749	-	52 09 749	15 19 43 594	-	-
Equipments	-	-	-	-	16 30 62 489	-	16 30 62 489	-	-	-	-	35 08 662	-	35 08 662	15 95 53 827	-	-
Furniture & Fixtures	-	-	-	-	34 26 845	-	34 26 845	-	-	-	-	1 13 605	-	1 13 605	33 13 240	-	-
Total	**302 67 52 858**	**219 14 24 915**	**-**	**521 81 77 773**	**113 90 30 419**	**-**	**635 72 08 192**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**1 36 32 134**	**-**	**1 36 32 134**	**634 35 76 058**	**521 81 77 773**	**521 81 77 773**
Previous Year				302 67 52 858	-	-	521 81 77 773	-	-	-	-	-	-		521 81 77 773	521 81 77 773	
Capital Work-in-Progress *															1 42 39 669	109 02 36 230	105 12 75 500

1.1 *Capital Work in Progress includes.
Capital Goods Inventory ₹ 1 18 69 038 (Previous year ₹ 1 18 69 038)

1.2 Fair valuation as deemed cost for Property, Plant and Equipment: The Company have considered fair value for property, viz land, situated in India, with impact of ₹ 251,60,59,984 in accordance with stipulations of Ind-AS 101 with 'the resultant impact being accounted for in the reserves.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Amount in ₹

		As at 31st March, 2017	As at 31st March 2016	As at 1st April 2015
2	**Other Non-Current Assets** (Unsecured and Considered good)			
	Security Deposits	**57 37 546**	57 37 546	36 46 000
	Total	**57 37 546**	57 37 546	36 46 000

Amount in ₹

		As at 31st March, 2017	As at 31st March 2016	As at 1st April 2015
3	**Trade Receivables** (Unsecured and Considered good)			
	Trade Receivable	**-**	21 61 053	21 61 053
	Total	**-**	21 61 053	21 61 053

Amount in ₹

		As at 31st March, 2017	As at 31st March 2016	As at 1st April 2015
4	**Cash and Cash Equivalents**			
	Balance With Bank	**6 29 124**	5 63 435	7 46 638
	Fixed Deposits With Bank *	**31 46 459**	31 46 459	31 46 459
	Cash and cash equivalents as per balance sheet	**37 75 583**	37 09 894	38 93 097

*Fixed Deposit with banks includes deposit of ₹ 31 46 459 (Previous year ₹ 31 46 459) with maturity more than 12 months

Amount in ₹

		Year ended 31st March, 2017	Year ended 31st March 2016
5	**Taxation**		
	a) **Income tax recognised in profit or loss**		
	Current Tax		
	In respect of the current year	**-**	-
	In respect of earlier years	**48 854**	48 859
	Deferred Tax		
	In respect of the current year	**-**	**-**
	Total income tax expenses recognised in the current year relating to continuing operations	**48 854**	48 859

The income tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:

	Year ended 31st March, 2017	Year ended 31st March 2016
Profit before tax from continuing operations	**(1 38 73 485)**	(28 20 322)
Applicable Tax Rate	**30.90%**	30.90%
Computed Tax Expense	**-**	-
Adjustments in relation to the prior years recognised in the current year	**48 854**	48 859
Current tax Provision	**48 854**	48,859.00
Tax Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit & Loss	**48 854**	48,859.00

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

	As at 31st March, 2017	As at 31st March 2016	As at 1st April 2015
b) **Current Tax Assets (Net)**			
At start of the year	**78 842**	78 384	-
Adjustments in relation to the prior years recognised in the current year	**(48 854)**	(48 859)	-
Tax paid / (refund received) during the year	**2 301**	49 317	-
At end of the year	**32 289**	78 842	78 384

Amount in ₹

	As at 31st March, 2017	As at 31st March 2016	As at 1st April 2015
6 **Other Current Assets** (Unsecured and Considered good)			
Other Loans and Advances	**7 34 654**	4 44 060	13 44 164
Total	**7 34 654**	4 44 060	13 44 164

Amount in ₹

	As at 31st March, 2017		As at 31st March 2016		As at 1st April 2015	
	Units	Amount	Units	Amount	Units	Amount
7 **Share Capital**						
Authorised Share Capital						
Class A Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each	**10 00 000**	**1 00 00 000**	10 00 000	1 00 00 000	10 00 000	1 00 00 000
Class B Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each	**7 50 000**	**75 00 000**	7 50 000	75 00 000	7 50 000	75 00 000
Non Cumulative Optionally Convertible Preference shares of ₹ 10 each	**7 50 000**	**75 00 000**	7 50 000	75 00 000	7 50 000	75 00 000
		2 50 00 000		2 50 00 000		2 50 00 000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid-Up:						
Class A Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up	**10 00 000**	**1 00 00 000**	10 00 000	1 00 00 000	10 00 000	1 00 00 000
Non Cumulative Optionally Convertible Preference shares of ₹ 10 each	**6 64 000**	**66 40 000**	6 64 000	66 40 000	6 64 000	66 40 000
Total Paid up Capital	**16 64 000**	**1 66 40 000**	16 64 000	1 66 40 000	16 64 000	1 66 40 000
Less : Instruments classified as Equity		**(66 40 000)**		(66 40 000)		(66 40 000)
TOTAL		**1 00 00 000**		1 00 00 000		1 00 00 000

The reconciliation of the number of outstanding shares is set out below:

	As at 31st March, 2017	As at 31st March 2016	As at 1st April 2015
Equity Shares			
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	**10 00 000**	10 00 000	10 00 000
Add: Shares Issued during the year	**-**	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	**10 00 000**	10 00 000	10 00 000
Preference Shares			
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	**6 64 000**	6 64 000	6 64 000
Add: Shares Issued during the year	**-**	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	**6 64 000**	6 64 000	6 64 000

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

The details of shareholder holding more than 5% shares :

Name of Shareholder	As at 31st March, 2017 No. of Shares held	As at 31st March, 2017 % of Holding	As at 31st March 2016 No. of Shares held	As at 31st March 2016 % of Holding	As at 1st April 2015 No. of Shares held	As at 1st April 2015 % of Holding
Equity Shares						
Reliance Commercial Land & Infrastructure Ltd.	**10 00 000**	**100.00**	10 00 000	100.00	10 00 000	100.00
	10 00 000	**100.00**	10 00 000	100.00	10 00 000	100.00
Preference Shares						
Reliance Industries Ltd.	**6 64 000**	**100.00**	6 64 000	100.00	6 64 000	100.00
	6 64 000	**100.00**	6 64 000	100.00	6 64 000	100.00

7.1 The Equity Shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed, if any, by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amount, in proportion to their shareholding.

7.2 Of the above Class A equity shares 10 00 000 (Previous year 10 00 000) are held by Reliance Commercial Land & Infrastructure Limited, the Holding Company.

7.3 The Preference Shares shall carry a preferential right over the Equity shares of the Company as regards to payment of dividend and repayment of capital, in the event of winding-up of the Company. The dividend proposed, if any, by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting.

Amount in ₹

8 Other Equity

		As at 31st March, 2017		As at 31st March 2016		As at 1st April 2015
Retained Earnings						
As per Last Balance Sheet	**(217 36 82 782)**		(217 65 51 963)			
Add: Profit for the year	**(1 39 22 339)**		(28 69 181)			
Add: Other comprehensive Income	**-**		-			
		(215 97 60 443)		(217 36 82 782)		217 65 51 963
Securities Premium Account						
As per Last Balance Sheet	**331 33 60 000**		331 33 60 000			
Add : Taken during the year	**-**		-			
		331 33 60 000		331 33 60 000		331 33 60 000
Instruments Classified as equity						
As per Last Balance Sheet	**80 74 40 000**		75 47 40 000			
Add: Debentures issued during the year	**2 56 00 000**		5 27 00 000			
		83 30 40 000		80 74 40 000		75 47 40 000
Total		**631 61 60 443**		629 44 82 782		624 46 51 963

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Amount in ₹

9	Borrowings	As at 31st March, 2017		As at 31st March 2016		As at 1st April 2015	
		Non Current	**Current**	Non Current	Current	Non Current	Current
	UnSecured - At amortised Cost						
	Term Loan #	**3 45 00 000**	**-**	21 00 000	-	69 00 000	-
	Total	**3 45 00 000**	**-**	21 00 000	-	69 00 000	-

Represents Borrowings taken from Holding Company.

Amount in ₹

		As at 31st March, 2017	As at 31st March 2016	As at 1st April 2015
10	**Other Non-Current Liabilities**			
	Deposit from Customers	**1 20 000**	-	19 17 851
	Total	**1 20 000**	-	19 17 851

Amount in ₹

		As at 31st March, 2017	As at 31st March 2016	As at 1st April 2015
11	**Other Current Liabilities**			
	Creditors for Capital Expenditure	**1 57 72 834**	1 28 44 905	95 95 996
	Interest accrued but not due	**11 49 799**	7 95 637	74 55 662
	Other Payables	**3 92 723**	3 22 074	54 499
	Total	**1 73 15 356**	1 39 62 616	1 71 06 157

Amount in ₹

		31st March, 2017	31st March 2016
12	**Other Income**		
	Interest		
	From Deposit	**3 22 882**	2 99 885
	From Others	**2 12 067**	2 72 089
		5 34 949	5 71 974

Amount in\ ₹

		31st March, 2017	31st March 2016
13	**Finance Costs**		
	Interest Expenses	**42 934**	8 84 041
		42 934	8 84 041

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Amount in ₹

14	Other Expenditure		2016-17		2015-16
	Filing Fees		**16 800**		16 824
	General Expenses		**328**		152
	Sitting Fees - Directors		**5 63 000**		5 57 910
	Professional Fees		**1 23 712**		28 625
	Rates and Taxes		**2 500**		18 80 699
	Payment to Auditors				
	Audit Fees	**19 550**		18 320	
	Certification Fees	**7 476**		5 725	
			27 026		24 045
	Total		**7 33 366**		25 08 255

15	Earnings per share	2016-17	2015-16
	Net Profit after Tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss attributable to Equity Shareholders (₹)	**(1 39 22 339)**	(28 69 181)
	Weighted Average number of Equity Shares used as denominator for calculating Basic EPS	**10 00 000**	10 00 000
	Total Weighted Average Potential Equity Shares	**41 31 95 342**	36 40 67 787
	Weighted Average number of Equity Shares used as denominator for calculating Diluted EPS	**41 41 95 342**	36 50 67 787
	Basic Earnings per Share (₹)	**(13.92)**	(2.87)
	Diluted Earnings per Share (₹)	**(13.92)**	(2.87)
	Face Value per Equity Share (₹)	**10**	10

Diluted EPS is same as Basic EPS, being antidilutive.

16 The Previous year's figures have been reworked, regrouped, rearranged and reclassified wherever necessary. Amounts and other disclosures for the preceding year are included as an integral part of the current year financial statements and are to be read in relation to the amounts and other disclosures relating to the current year.

17 Segment Reporting

The Company is primarily engaged in the business of real estate and development of commercial properties in India. All the activities of the Company revolve around this main business. Accordingly, the Company has only one identifiable segment reportable under Ind AS-108 "Operating Reporting". The Board (the 'Chief Operating Decision Maker' as defined in Ind AS 108 'Operating Segments'), who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance obtains financial information.

18 Related Party

i) As per Ind AS 24, the disclosures of transactions with the related parties are given below:

List of related parties where control exists and related parties with whom transactions have taken place and relationships:

Sr. No.	Name of the Related Party	Relationship
1	Reliance Industries Limited	Ultimate Holding Company
2	Reliance Industrial Investments and Holdings Limited	Holding Company
3	Reliance Commercial Land & Infrastructure Limited	Parent Holding Company
4	Reliance Retail Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Company

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

ii) Transactions during the year with related parties (excluding reimbursments): Amount in ₹

Sr. No.	Nature of Transaction	Ultimate Holding Company	Parent Holding Company	Fellow Subsidiary Companies	Total
1	Loans Taken / (Repaid)	**-**	**3 24 00 000**	-	**3 24 00 000**
		-	*(48 00 000)*	-	*(48 00 000)*
2	Issue of Zero Coupon Unsecured Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures	**2 56 00 000**	**-**	**-**	**2 56 00 000**
		5 27 00 000	-	-	*5 27 00 000*
3	Conversion of Loan to Zero Coupon Unsecured Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures	-	-	-	**-**
		-	*45 07 00 000*	-	*45 07 00 000*
4	Finance Costs	-	**42 934**	**-**	**42 934**
		-	*8 84 041*	**-**	*8 84 041*
5	Purchase of Fixed Assets	**-**	**12 34 621**	**13 991**	**12 48 612**
		-	-	-	-
	Balance as at 31st March, 2017				
1	**Equity Share Capital**	-	**1 00 00 000**	-	**1 00 00 000**
		-	*1 00 00 000*	-	*1 00 00 000*
2	**Preference Share Capital**	**332 00 00 000**	-	-	**332 00 00 000**
	(including premium)	*332 00 00 000*	**-**	**-**	*332 00 00 000*
3	**Loans Taken**	-	**3 45 00 000**	-	**3 45 00 000**
		-	*21 00 000*	-	*21 00 000*
4	**Interest Payables**	**-**	**11 49 799**	**-**	**11 49 799**
		-	*7 95 637*	-	*7 95 637*
5	**Zero Coupon Unsecured Fully Convertible Debentures**	**37 57 00 000**	**45 07 00 000**	**-**	**82 64 00 000**
		35 01 00 000	*45 07 00 000*	-	*80 08 00 000*
6	**Trade Receivables**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
		-	**-**	*21 61 053*	*21 61 053*

Note : Figures in Italics represents previous year's amount.

iii) Disclosure in Respect of Material Related Party Transactions during the year: Amount in ₹

	Particulars	Relationship	2016-17	2015-16
1	**Loans Taken / (Repaid)**			
	Reliance Commercial Land & Infrastructure Limited	Parent Holding	**6 24 60 000**	4 09 50 000
	Reliance Commercial Land & Infrastructure Limited	Parent Holding	**(3 00 60 000)**	(4 57 50 000)
2	**Issue of Zero Coupon Unsecured Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures**			
	Reliance Industries Limited	Ultimate Holding Company	**2 56 00 000**	5 27 00 000
3	**Conversion of Loan to Zero Coupon Unsecured Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures**			
	Reliance Commercial Land & Infrastructure Limited	Parent Holding	**-**	45 07 00 000
4	**Finance Costs**			
	Reliance Commercial Land & Infrastructure Limited	Parent Holding	**42 934**	8 84 041
5	**Purchase of Fixed Assets**			
	Reliance Commercial Land & Infrastructure Limited	Parent Holding	**12 34 621**	-
	Reliance Retail Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Company	**13 991**	-

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Notes :

1 The transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. The Outstanding Balances assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates. This balances are unsecured and their settlement occurs through banking channel.

19 Lease

a) Lease rental incomes are booked on the basis of agreed terms

b) Assets are given on lease over a period of 11 months to 59 months.

20 Deferred tax assets (net) as at Balance Sheet date consists of the following items. As a matter of prudence, the Company has not recognised deferred tax assets in the books of accounts

Defered Tax (assets)/ liabilities		**Amount in ₹**
	31st March, 2017	31st March 2016
Defered Tax Assets		
Related to Property, Plant & Equipment	**28 00 64 255**	-
Defered Tax Asset	**28 00 64 255**	-

		Amount in ₹
21 Contingent Liabilities and Commitments	**As at**	As at
	31st March, 2017	31st March 2016
A Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on Capital Accounts and not provided for:	**7 96 71 482**	5 32 71 460

22.1 Capital management

The Company manages its capital to ensure that it will continue as going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders. The company manages its capital structure and make adjustment in light of changes in business condition. The overall strategy remains unchanged as compare to last year.

22.1.1 **Gearing Ratio**

The gearing ratio at end of the reporting period was as follows.

			Amount in ₹
	As at	As at	As at
	31st March, 2017	31st March 2016	1st April 2015
Debt	3 45 00 000	21 00 000	69 00 000
Cash and bank balance (Including liquid investment)	(37 75 583)	(37 09 894)	(38 93 097)
Net debt	3 07 24 417	(16 09 894)	30 06 903
Total Equity	631 61 60 443	630 44 82 782	625 46 51 963
Net debt to equity ratio	0.49%	-0.03%	0.05%

Debt is defined as long-term and short-term borrowings as described in note 9.

22.2 Financial Risk Management

The Company's activities expose it to liquidity risk and credit risk.

The company's risk management is carried out by the company as per policies approved by the management. The company identifies, evaluates and mitigates financial risk in close co-operation with its operation team. The company's overall risk management programme focuses on unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the company's financial performance.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

A) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that suitable sources of funding for the company's business activities may not be available. Management monitors rolling forecasts of the company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves and matching maturity profiles of financial assets and financial liabilities.

B) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to pay amounts due causing financial loss to the company.

It arises from cash and cash equivalents and deposits with Banks and financial institutions.

22.3 Fair Valuation Measurements

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2017			As at 31st March, 2016			As at 1st April, 2015		
	Carrying Amount	Levels of Input used in		Carrying Amount	Levels of Input used in		Carrying Amount	Levels of Input used in	
		Level 1	Level 2		Level 1	Level 2		Level 1	Level 2
Financial Liabilities									
At Amortised Cost									
Loans	3 45 00 000	-	-	21 00 000	-	-	69 00 000	-	-

The financial instruments are categorized into two levels based on the inputs used to arrive at fair value measurements as described below:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; and

Level 2: Inputs other than the quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

23 Details of Loans given, Investments made, Guarantees given and securities provided covered under Section 186(4) of Companies Act, 2013

i) Loans given ₹ Nil (Previous year ₹ Nil)

ii) Investments made ₹ Nil (Previous year ₹ Nil)

iii) Guarantees given and securities provided by the company in respect of loans ₹ Nil (Previous year ₹ Nil)

24 Details of Specified Bank Notes (SBN) held and transacted during the period 08/11/2016 to 30/12/2016 is as under :

The Company does not receive or, does not make any payment in Cash. Accordingly Cash balance as on 8th Nov' 2016 and as on 30th Dec' 2016 was NIL.

25 Approval of Financial Statements

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 14th April, 2017.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

26 First time Ind AS adoption reconciliations

a } Effect of Ind AS adoption on the consolidated balance sheet as at March 2016 and April 1, 2015

Amount in ₹

	As at 31st March 2016			As at 1st April 2015		
	Previous GAAP	**Effect of transition to ind AS**	**As per Ind AS balance sheet**	Previous GAAP	Effect of transition to ind AS	As per Ind AS balance sheet
ASSETS						
Non-Current Assets						
Property, Plant and Equipment	302 67 52 858	219 14 24 915	521 81 77 773	302 67 52 858	219 14 24 915	521 81 77 773
Capital Work-in-Progress	109 02 36 230	-	109 02 36 230	105 12 75 500	-	105 12 75 500
Other Non-Current Assets	57 37 546	-	57 37 546	36 46 000	-	36 46 000
Total Non-Current assets	**412 27 26 634**	**219 14 24 915**	**631 41 51 549**	**408 16 74 358**	**219 14 24 915**	**627 30 99 273**
Current Assets						
Financial Assets						
Trade Receivables	21 61 053	-	21 61 053	21 61 053	-	21 61 053
Cash and cash equivalents	37 09 894	-	37 09 894	38 93 097	-	38 93 097
Current Tax Assets (Net)	78 842	-	78 842	78 384	-	78 384
Other Current Assets	4 44 060	-	4 44 060	13 44 164	-	13 44 164
Total Current assets	**63 93 849**	**-**	**63 93 849**	**74 76 698**	**-**	**74 76 698**
Total Assets	**412 91 20 483**	**219 14 24 915**	**632 05 45 398**	**408 91 51 056**	**219 14 24 915**	**628 05 75 971**
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES						
Equity						
Equity Share Capital	1 00 00 000	-	1 00 00 000	1 00 00 000	-	1 00 00 000
Other Equity	410 30 57 867	219 14 24 915	629 44 82 782	405 32 27 048	219 14 24 915	624 46 51 963
Total equity	**411 30 57 867**	**219 14 24 915**	**630 44 82 782**	**406 32 27 048**	**219 14 24 915**	**625 46 51 963**
Liabilities						
Total Non-Current Liabilities						
Financial Liabilities						
Borrowings	21 00 000	-	21 00 000	69 00 000	-	69 00 000
Other Non-Current Liabilities	-	-	-	19 17 851	-	19 17 851
Total Non-Current assets Liabilities	**21 00 000**	**-**	**21 00 000**	**88 17 851**	**-**	**88 17 851**
Current Liabilities						
Other Current Liabilities	1 39 62 616	-	1 39 62 616	1 71 06 157	-	1 71 06 157
Total current liabilities	**1 39 62 616**	**-**	**1 39 62 616**	**1 71 06 157**	**-**	**1 71 06 157**
Total Liabilities	**1 60 62 616**	**-**	**1 60 62 616**	**2 59 24 008**	**-**	**2 59 24 008**
Total Equity and Liabilities	**412 91 20 483**	**219 14 24 915**	**632 05 45 398**	**408 91 51 056**	**219 14 24 915**	**628 05 75 971**

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

b} Reconciliation of Reserve between IndAS and Previous GAAP

Amount in ₹

	Note	Net Profit	Other Equity	
		Year ended 31st March 2016	**As at 31st March 2016**	**As at 1st April 2015**
Net Profit / Other Equity as per Previous Indian GAAP		**(28 69 181)**	(1 77 42 133)	(1 48 72 952)
Fair valuation as deemed cost for Property, Plant and Equipment	I	**-**	219 14 24 915	219 14 24 915
Net profit before OCI/Other Equity as per Ind AS		**(28 69 181)**	217 36 82 782	217 65 51 963

Notes :

I Fair valuation as deemed cost for Property, Plant and Equipment:

The Company have considered fair value for property, situated in India, with impact of ₹ 219,14,24,915 in accordance with stipulations of Ind AS 101 with the resultant impact being accounted for in the reserves.

c} Effect of Ind AS adoption on the statement of profit and loss for the year ended 31st March, 2016

Amount in ₹

	Year ended 31st March 2016		
	Previous GAAP	**Effect of transition to ind AS**	**As per Ind AS balance sheet**
INCOME			
Other Income	**5 71 974**	-	5 71 974
Total Income	**5 71 974**	-	5 71 974
EXPENSES			
Finance Costs	**8 84 041**	-	8 84 041
Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	**-**	-	-
Other Expenses	**25 08 255**	-	25 08 255
Total Expenses	**33 92 296**	-	33 92 296
Profit/(Loss) Before Tax	**(28 20 322)**	-	(28 20 322)
Tax Expenses			
Current Tax	**-**	-	-
For earlier years	**48 859**	-	48 859
Deferred Tax	-	-	-
Profit For the Year	**(28 69 181)**	**-**	(28 69 181)

As per our Report of even date

For Chaturvedi & Shah
Firm Registration No: 101720W
Chartered Accountants

Jignesh Mehta
Partner
Membership No: 102749

Mumbai
Dated : 14th April, 2017

For and on behalf of the Board

Raman Sheshadri
Director
(DIN : 05244442)

Shivkumar Ramanand Bhardwaj
Director
(DIN : 00001584)

Pramod Bhawalkar
Director
(DIN : 01114946)

B. Chandrasekaran
Director
(DIN : 06670563)

Saravanan Viswanathan
Director
(DIN : 05244819)